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Landesbücherei * Dessau *

Georgs-B.

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HENRICI STROMERS AVRBA/ chij, medicinę Doctoris, ſaluberrimę aduerſus peſtilẽtiam obſeruatio= nes, recens editæ :-

Aeque paupibus proſunt locupletibus æque,
Aeque neglectę pueris, ſenibuſq; nocebũt.

Reuerendiſſimo in chriſto patri, Sereniſſimis Illuſtriſſimiſqꝫ
Principibus,& dominis, Domino Alberto Sanctæ ſedis
Maguntinenſis,& Magdeburgẽſis eccleſiæ Archiepi
ſcopo, Sacri Romani Imperij ꝑ Germaniã Archi-
cancellario & primati, Admĩſtratori eccleſiæ hal
berſtatẽſis, Et dño Ioachim, Sacri Romani im
perij Archicamerario, principibus, electo-
ribus, Fratribus, Marchionibus Brãde-
burgeñ Stetineñ Pommeranoꝝ Caſ
ſuborũ Schlauorũqꝫ ducibus, Bur-
grauijs Nurembergeñ, ac Rugię
principibus, graciosiſsimis ſuis
dñis, Henricus Stromer de
Aurbach Medicinę doc
tor, S, P, D,

Tẽpus iam labit̃ morboſum· Archiprincipes ſereniſſimi, potentiſſimiqꝫ, quo, exitioſiſſimo febriũ gñe, (a peſtilentis feruoris fallaci natura, nõ multũ diſſidẽte) mortales pręmunt̃ ;— cõtagioſum ſane, eiuſmodi febriũ genus eſt· quod breui tẽporis interuallo, medullitus deurit· extinguitqꝫ. vt nõ minori ꝓuidentia, (per hanc aeris cõditionẽ) bonã valetudinẽ, curę eſſe oporteat· quã peſtilentia populatim mortis immanitatẽ exercitãte:— Quę, tametſi latiſsima, populoſiſſimaqꝫ veſtra regna, nondũ inuadat. tamẽ quũ non neſciã, nobiles ꝑmultas ꝓuincias, hoc ſæuiſſimo malo grauiter laborare· e quibus, indubie negociatores in veſtra vberrima regna, mercatũ ꝓficiſcuntur. viciſſim ſolertiſſimus veſter populus, illuc emptũ cõcedit· & venditũ ſuas merces. eo fit, vt ſuſpicer· Summi principes, vr̃is ꝓuincijs, diram crudelitatem peſtis imminere. Noſcitis enim, hoc modo, peſtilitatẽ, in varia impia deferri· & malũ eſſe, q̃d, minutiſſimo ex fomite, ingens valde excreſcat· & ſeſe latiſſime diffundat:— Minant̃ etiã, mutata anni tẽpora, & plæraqꝫ alia argumẽta, vulgare lethum :— Ne igit̃, Archiprincipes illuſtriſſimi, vos, immatura mors, (quod deꝰ auertat) rapiat. maturo cõſilio, (quod in hoc ꝑiculo citũ magnoꝑe exigit̃) vobis ad-

eſſe volebā. Nam & ſumma obſeruātia, qua, vos amplector: & ſincera medendi fides, qua, vobis aſtringor: hæc cōtra peſtē ſubſidia, vt ꝙ celerrie & ielegāter ederē: me cogebat :— Eſtis ſiquidē principes, vita longęua digniſſimi: qui, tanta clemētia, prudētia, ſapiētia, iuſtitia, vr̄a patētiſſima gubernatis regna: vt ſubditi iuſtiſſime diteſcāt: pace trāquilla viuāt: virtutib⁹ & ſciē-

Laus. Dn̄i Alberti Archiꝑſulis Archipn̄cipis & ꝑmatis

tijs ihęreāt, et ſeſe ijs exornēt :— Hæ niſi eximię virtutes oēs in te vno, Alberte archiꝑſul digniſſime, ꝯſpicuę reluceſcerēt: arbitraris tā ampliſſima regna, tuā in ditionē ceſſiſſent: nō certe. quæſit⁹ em̄ priceps eſt: mitis, doct⁹, potēs, liberalis, magnificus, prudēs, ſapiēs, iuſt⁹, religioſus: qui, ſummo opifici, dicata impia: naufraga, & lacera, ex naufragio eripet: reſarciret, & in priſtinā dignitatē erigeret :— Sed vbi talis, ꝑter te vnū inuētus eſt: nullibi ꝓfecto, non ꝑ latiſſimā hāc oram quā circūluit Rhenus: non per totū chriſtianū orbem. Itaq; vnus tu, qui miro omniū diſciplinarū cognitiōe præcellis: qui, omnib⁹ quę in Archiepiſcopo deſiderant virtutibus, perfectiſſimus es: &

Virtutes quę ī epiſcopo deſiderantur,

ſolis inſtar reſplendes. (ſiue em̄ ſobrietatē, ſiue cōtinentiā, ſiue vitæ ſanctimoniā, ſiue in ſacris offitijs obeūdis diligentiā, ꝑſeuerantiā, aduertamus: haud in vllo ꝙ in te, hæc, Sancti ꝑſulis ornamēta, accumulati⁹ cernunt) vnus tu dico, ſacerrimis tribus pontificatibus adhibitus es, licet inuitus: ſpeculator, aſſertor, vindex acerrim⁹, & princeps maxim⁹, cōcordib⁹ ſuffragijs, popl̄i vniuerſi lętabūdo applauſu, & celebratiſſimis iubilationibus. cognoſcebaris etem̄ ſol⁹ is eſſe. qui poſſes Archiepiſcopat⁹ duos altiſſimos, Magdeburgēſem atq; Magūtinenſem & ꝑterea epiſcopatū Halberſtatēſem ex īteritu eximere: ſuſtollere: in flore cōſeruare: atq; illas dignitates, nihil min⁹ ornare, ꝙ ab illis orneris :— Quare ſapiētiſſimorū hoīm ſnīa, nō magis electus, quā natus ad illos ſacerrimos mḡratus videris. ꝙs tres alij, (eſto ꝯſultiſſimi ꝑncipes.) tāta fœlicitate, & iuſtitia (ꝗ tu regis) admīſtrare haudquaꝙ poſſent :— Iudicabaris nimirꝫ digniſſim⁹ priceps: ꝗ ſacri rōani īpij, curā gereres: regem q; tanto imperio, ſatis idoneū, ſatiſq; dignum, ꝓ tuo ſapientiſſimo cōſilio deligeres :— Magna igit̄ ſpes, Alberte reuerēdiſſime atq; ſereniſſime archiepiſcope, & archipriceps, Itē

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vno poſita eſt. ꝗ maximã partẽ & mũdani & diuini impiȷ tuis
hũeris ſuſtines . magna ſalus chriſtiani orbis ex te pendet . id-
ipſum om̃es ꝑſpiciẽtes, om̃es vno ore incolumẽ, & longæuũ
te ꝓcant. quippe, qui ex te ſe om̃es ſaluos vident:— Verũ quo Laus Archipͥn
ordine, Ioachim archiprĩceps, ſapiẽtia & potẽtia ornatiſſime. cipis Ioachim
cumulũ tuarũ laudũ nõ dico eloquar·ſed leuiter attrectẽ. non Marchiõis etc̃,
vllo excogitare modo poſſum. ita penitꝰ indigeſtus ẽ· & ꝑ to
tum habitatũ orbẽ, tui nomis gloria, diſſipata & vaga volat.
vt de principio hæſitẽ· finẽ prorſus ignorẽ. Siquidẽ vbicunqꝫ
exteræ gentes, principũ cõparationẽ faciunt· ineffabile eſt· q̃ꝫ
Ioachim Marggrauius (impiȷ romani potẽtiſſimus elector)
in ore oĩm laudatiſſimꝰ verſet. Iam eiꝰ vultus maieſtatẽ, Iam
totius corporis nobiliſſimũ robur, cõmemorãt, nõ hũili ver-
borũ ſono, ſed certatim ſplẽdiſſimam formam, copioſiſsima
ſplẽdidiſſimaqꝫ oratione exornare ſtudẽt. mox excellentiſſi-
mę eiꝰ ſpeciei excellẽtiã in om̃ibus virtutibꝰ, Manſuetudine,
affabilitate, tẽperãtia, Fortitudine, magnificẽtia, prudẽtia, ſa-
piẽtia, iuſticia, veriſſime attribuũt. om̃es eum ſibi principẽ, oẽs
eum ſibi impatorẽ, orãt. At quo magis exiſtimas , Ioachim ar
chiprinceps potẽtiſſime, ſimul ſapiẽtiſſime, laudareris. venera
reris. atqꝫ ĩ admirationẽ tui cũctos duceres? Si ſinglaris tua oĩ
bus in artibus doctrina, Si ſingularis tua & germanica & ro-
mana eloquẽtia, qua, & terſiſſimus & abſolutiſſimus es· (vti
ego in te cõperi) om̃ibus cõſtaret. ꝓculdubio terreſtris deus
habereris . vnde per ampliſſima tua imperia, quieta animorũ
tranquillitas? vnde affluens oĩm rerũ copia, & tui regni tan-
tus vigor, tamqꝫ cõcinna policia? vnde tanta iuſticia, tanta ho
minũ religio, tantus om̃ipotẽtis dei cultus? nemo ambigit (ꝗ
te cognoſcit) quin om̃ia hæc diuina opa, ex diuina tui ingeniȷ
celeritate, emanẽt. etem̃ nihil tam arduũ, tam difficile, tam de-
niqꝫ abditũ, quod ꝓpria mẽtis altitudĩe nõ ꝑquiras·expedias·
& vberrimo conſilio tranſigas . eapropter, te, & pauperibus
& opulẽtis, æque mitem & clementẽ, æquæ iuſtũ principem,
tuꝰ populꝰ colit·obſeruat·neſtoreos viuere annos obſecrat:—
Fœlices igit̃ terræ, quibus vos (nunquã ſatis meritã laudẽ cõ

Laus amborũ archiprincipũ fratrum et c̃,

ſecuti) archiprincipes cõtigiſtis. Fratres, non regia forma, nõ decentia morũ, nõ animorũ tẽpẽſtiuitate & volucritate, non regnãdi ſapiẽtiſſimis & ſaluberrimis cõſilijs, erga ſubditos diſcrepantes. omitto & prudens, & cõſcius, pricipes magnifici, innũeras alias virtutes p̄clariſſimas· quæ, vobis cõgenitæ ſunt. quas iuſtũ non cõprẹhenderet volumen, taceo (ne epiſtolæ modũ excedã) longe nobiliſſimã & vetuſtiſſimam vnde orti eſtis ſtirpẽ. itaq; hoc vnicũ addijtere placuit, Summũ atq; immortalem rerum cõditorẽ, terras, quibus vos principes præbuit· ſingulari quadã bñficẽtia, pſecutũ eſſe :— cui ergo, niſi vel deteſtabili zoilo alicui, hæc accelerata & præmatura noſtrorũ remediorũ emiſsio diſplicebit ? qua, vos ſplẽdidiſſimi principes principũ, (duo maxima habitati orbis culmina) ſoſpitatẽ vitæ tueri valebitis. Quis obſecro diiudicabit priuatũ cõſiliũ, hoc publico accõmodatius ſalutariusue vobis fuiſſe ? niſi qui neſciat dira peſtilitate totam regionẽ deuaſtante, p veneficum aeris ſtatũ, nulla ſubſidia ſatis ſecura vlli homini eſſe. non potui, glorioſiſſimi principes· vos ſecuriores reddere· non ampliorẽ a veſtra celſitudie gratiã demereri· quã ſi hẹc præcepta, ob publicã ſalutẽ, veſtrarũ regionũ i lucẽ emitterẽ. ne crudele hoc vitiũ, veſtras affligẽs, puincias, veſtris ex regnis excedere vos vrgeat. eſtis ẽm principes, nõ minus in veſtri regni florẽ, non minus in vniuerſi veſtri populi illabefactã incolumitatẽ, annitẽtes. quã in priuatã veſtrã vitã:— Accipite igit̃ (q̃ ſoletis) clemẽtia & beneuolẽtia, incultas noſtras (ſed vtiq; ſalutares) in peſtilentia obſeruatiões· veſtro nomini nũcupatas. Accipite rogo, æquo animo· & ex calũniatorũ ſuggillacionibus eas vobis ſordeſcere nõ ſinatis Accipite eas, vos obteſtor· ex inuiolato ſacramẽto, quo vobis ſum addictus, vtq; eis ſumma viuendi fœlicitate fruamini. oĩpotẽs rerũ opifex et benigniſſime velit· & indulgeat. q̃d etiã atq; etiã ſupplico:—his, cũ poeta recептui canam· dij phibete minas, dij talẽ auertite peſtẽ. Valete & imperij romani, & diuini regni, duo maxĩa gubernacula, maxima præſidia, meq; veſtræ amplitudini cõmẽdatũ habete Ex Liptzi pridie calendas Aprilis, M, D, XVI,

V Arias atqꝫ multas peſtilentis morbi cauſas, me=
dicæ artis authores ꝓdidere. at, quæ proximius
hoc exitiale malū, ingerant · duas potiſſimū re=
perimus · circūfluę auræ corruptionē · tum verie
natam alimoniā. quibus, & a ſupnis, & infernis
cauſis, remotius venefica quędā vis innaſcit̃. namqꝫ ſolis, & lu
næ, (maximorū cœli ſiderū) defectus, erraticarū ſtellarū pra
ua cōuētio, Hiatus, voragines, ſidera cadēcia, Stella crinita, (ſi
ſolito frequentius, hæc cœli portēta cōtingant.) aeris naturā
putrentē, & morbificā efficiūt :— Nec falſo, (mea ſententia)
Auenſoar, (p̄ſtās admodū medēdi magiſter,) ratus eſt · deū
immortalē, vt nephāda mortaliū ſcelera vlciſcat̃ · nōnūqꝫ pe=
ſtem, (in cuiuſlibet ſortis hoīes, indiſcriminatim) ſæuientem,
īmittere. qua, non vllū ſæuiuius vitiū, hūanū genus corripere
poſſet. ea ſiquidē, nulla eſt medicabilis arte · nec fuga ſalus tuta.
quū, diuina hæc vltio, vrbes, terraſqꝫ oēs, ꝑmeet · populatim
eas deuaſtans, Quapropter, in diuino hoc terrore, nō a medi
cis auxiliū expetendū cenſeo · ſed ſola expiatione placandū di
uinū numē · vti culpā remittat · exitioſamque luem reꝑmat :—
Terrenæ vero nō paucæ peſtilitatis origines, ſunt cōptę. mag
na hoim inhūatorū cædes, (a q̃rū cadaueribus, in aeris vici=
niam veneficus ſurgit halitꝰ) vicinis regionibus, Gal. teſte, pe
ſtilenciā creat :— Itidem brutorum præcipue venenoſorum
numeroſa cadauera, (ſi humi inſepulta putriāt.) virulēta eua
poratiōe, aerem reddūt, mortiferū :— Pręterea a terræ motu,
(q, lætalem ſpūm e tellure diſrupta, in aera ſuſtollit) vulgaris
interitus ſępiꝰ orit̃ :— Deniqꝫ Stagna Sulphurei fontes, antra,
terræ cauitates aptæ, putei effoſſi, peſtiferos plærūqꝫ vapores
exalant · qui ventorū flatu, latiſſimas in ꝓuincias delati, aeris
ſubſtātiā labefactāt · & ꝑnitioſiſſimā peſtilētię vī parturiūt :—
Tū etiam aer, iuſtū in ſuis qualitatibus tēperamentū nō reti=
nens, ſed vel æquo magis in feruorem hūoremqꝫ excreſcens,
contagioſam in corporibus operatur putrefactionē. Galenus
Hippo, (clariſſima medicinę lumina) hoc teſtant̃ :— Auicēna
& Paulus Aegineta oēs aeris qualitates, in venenoſam diſ=

Duę peſtis cãę propinquæ,

Remotę cauſę ſupernæ,

Auēſoar, diui nū numē, ſcelera hoim iterdū peſtilēcia puni re teſtatur,

Terrenæ peſtilitatis cauſæ remotæ,

Galenus

Galenus Hippocrates, Auicenna, Paulus Aegineta,

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temperationē ꝓlabi, hancq̃ꝫ pniciē excitare poſſe, decernūt:—
exitialis aūt aer, paſſim terræ germina, paſcua, inficit·a quib⁹,
bruta, peſtilētiā cōtrahūt· quæ ab·eis in hūanū gen⁹ deſultat:—

DE PRAESAGIIS SIVE INDICIIS GRASSATVRAE PESTILENTIAE,

Præſagiorum vtilitas,

Maiorem immodum vtile duco·vt præſagia, rapaciſſimi iſti⁹
morbi, (qui, lætaliter incautos adorit̃.) aſcribā. quæ, quemli
bet in iſto haud ambiguo ſalutis diſcrimine, ad præſidia vitæ
ꝑquirenda, admoneant·ne inexpectata nece, mori miſere con
tingat:— Hanc autem veneficā hominū ꝑnitiem, inprimis in

Supna peſtis p̃ſagia, ex cœli icendijs,

dicant·cauſæ, proximo capite enumeratæ· vtputa, ſolis, & lu-
næ, deliquia, ſuſpect⁹ planetarū cōcurſus, cometæ efferuētes,
tum alia multiuaria cœli epicaumata, candelæ, trabes, ſtipulæ
ardentes, colūnę, lanceæ teretes, ignitæ piramides, bolides, ſi-
dera volancia, æges, dali, chaſma, quæ oīa, aereā naturā, ex-

Significata ex anni partium mutatione,

itiali calore corruptā portēdūt :— Anni item temporū præter
naturā immutatio, aeris putrefactionē teſtat̃. etem̃, vere frigi-
do ſiccoque exiſtēte, ac æſtate calida hūidacꝫ ſuccedēte, peſtili
tas ē ꝓtimeſcēda. vbi em̃ anni partes a ſua abſcedūt natura·aut

Hippocrates, Galenus, Auicenna,

æquo magis ſuis inualeſcūt qualitatibus·Hippo. Gale. Auicē
na (medicorū pricipes) plærūcꝫ peſtē graſſaturā denūtiant:—
Pariter eiuſdem lucis incōſtās claritas, quod placitū iam & ſe-

Indicia ex aere

renū ꝑſpiciamus cœlū·mox atra caligine obcinctū, cūcꝫ mo-
do æſtum, modo frigus inſtare ſentimus·graues admodū ſūt,
ad peſtē alteratões :— Caligines denſę frequētatę, ab auſtro &
euronotho collectæ·quas, ſolis feruor nō diſcernit. idē mon-

Signa ab auib⁹

ſtrant :— Accedūt & his alięq̃dā notæ. Auiculę peſtiferū cœli
tractū ꝓdūt·Si editiſſimis locis nidos cōſtructos, & partos iā
pullos, deſerāt hūi p̃ter cōſuetudinē degētes :— Puerilis ętas

Signa ab egritudib⁹, abortu, tū exitio p̃gnantium,

frequēter exanthematibus hoc eſt variolis & morbillis decū-
bens, Pregnātes crebre immaturę fœtū eijtiētes, aut vna cum
fœtu iterīētes, magnā futurę peſtis faciūt ſuſpitionē :— Ania-
lia ſpontaneæ gn̄ationis, nūeroſa multitudīe etnata, idem vitiū

oſtēdūt:—Pari modo animalia, in abditis terrę meatibus viuē
tia· vt ſerpētes, mures, talpæ, ſubterraneas deſtituūt latebras·
tellure, dirum virus cōcipiente. hinc magna nobis obuerſant̄
copia · quoties humus veneficū contraxerit inquinamentum.

Prænūctiū ab abūdātia venenoſoꝝ anialiū,

præſagium ē· oriētis e terra peſtis :— Item ranæ, aq̄ticæ aues,
extra aquā victitātes· & emortui piſces, in ripam eiecti· putren
tem aquā, quę, peſtis cōtagiū excitare poſſit· oſtendūt. Hæc et
ſimilia (ſi eueniāt ſigna,) ſaluti ancipiti, ꝙ primū q̄ſque ſtudeat·
quēadmodū ſequētibus explicamus inſtitutis :—

Prognoſticū ab aquaticis animalibus,

DE FVGIENDI RATIONE HABENDA,

Cum peſtilētia, dira ingruat immanitate · deus oīpotens, vt
nos ſeruet, primū ē exorād⁹ :— Poſt diuinū ſubſidiū, fuga, nul
lum tutius remediū eſſe· Raſes (diligētiſſimus rerū experimē
tator) præcipit, cuius ſentētiā, tota medicorū ſchola ſequitur.

Duo tutiſſima peſtis remedia
Raſes

is ſiquidē morbus, venefico ſuo contagio, eos maxīe infeſtat·
qui, ſub infecta cœli cōditione pſeuerāt· finitimaue incolūt lo-
ca· q̊ etiā, peſtifera morbi vis, ptingit :— Frequētiſſime & iij, pe
ſte capiunt̄ · qui, ab ægris haudquaquā abſtinēt. ꝓcul vero, &
a corrupto cœli tractu, & hoc morbo laborantibus, abſentes·
incolumes remanēt, quod, nec exitialē auram, nec peſtilētem
ſpūm, quē ægri reddūt· attrahāt:— Verūtn̄, plęriq; (nullius in-
genij homīes) qui, temere in pnitioſa aeris putredine obdurā
tes, intacti euaſere · huic ſalutari medicorū cōſultationi relu-
ctantur, non fugam ſalutiferam, non contagium interitus cau
ſam eſſe, garriētes. ſed fatale exitium, quod, neminē niſi morti
prædeſtinatum rapiat, Tali contentōne, ingentem exitialium
ſyllogiſmorum aſtruunt aceruum· multoſq; a fuga detinent·
quoad, animarum exalatio, concluſa diſſoluat· & falſa demon

Opinio a fuga dehortans,

ſtret. Nam, natura peſtem diſponente, non fato, alij intereunt·
alij vero nihil læduntur· ſed longe alia (ex philoſophorū ſcrip
tis) interceptæ in eos, peſtiferæ actionis, petenda eſt ratio.

Opinionis exploſio,

Agēdi facultas, vti philoſophi præſcribunt· in valido agente,

Cauſæ ad naturalē actionē neceſſariæ,

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actionis capaci materia, apta vtriuſque cõiunctione, & tẽpore (quo abſolui actio queat) conſiſtit. hæc ſi deficiant· interpellari actionem neceſſe eſt. Itaq;, peſtilenti auræ, etſi violentiſſima inficiendi vis inſit (humani corporis ſpiritibus, & ſuccis, exitioſiſſima) tamen, corpora puri habitus, aut nihil, aut parꝫ admodũ, offendit. quod ad putredinem ſubito cõcipiendam,

Qui magis peſtilentiæ virus ſentiant,

nõ ſint parata :— Verũ, qui, corpore impuro, & male habito, cõſtant · aut cõcubitu exhauſti, aut natura, vel ætate, ſunt imbecilles · promptiſſime peſtilenti vitio arripiunt̃. ſunt em̃, ad putreſcẽdũ inſtructi· & nec integritate habit⁹, nec robore corporis, reſiſtere poſſunt. habilitatem aũt corporis, cauſam eſſe,

Similitudo

quę peſtiferam in ſe concitet actionẽ· externarũ materierũ exemplo facile cognoſcit̃. nam, quercus cõbuſtu difficilis eſt valde. quippe ſoliditate, & poris cõpactis, ignis flãmã excludit. Stuppa vero, ſua natura, ignem excipit ocyſſime. At cum madens, et humens, ſtuppa exiſtat· quercus ſicca aut ſulphure illita ſit· hæc igni corripiet̃ & flagrabit q̃ facile · illa ignẽ penit⁹ non admittet. non aliã ob cauſam, quã ꝓpter materiei inabilitatẽ. nõ ſecus corpora excremẽtoſa peſti ſunt obnoxia· pura & ſincera, quę recremẽtis (apta ad peſtem materia) vacant·

Corpora pura in peſtilẽtia nõ ſatis tuta,

inuiolata ꝑdurãt. Attamen effectrix cauſa vehemẽs, materiã inabilem, interdũ actioni præparat. vt ignis, priuſquã viridia amburet ligna· ea exiccat. ita quoq;, per longũ peſtilentẽ aeris ſtatũ, integræ habitudinis corpora, ab vitiato aere, paulatim aliquid noxæ recipiũt· donec plæna putredine intereãt :— Sit igit̃, quacunq; habitudine, corpus prẽditũ· non ſecurius, quã fuga, peſtẽ vitabit. Etem̃, morbus hic, tali eſt natura· quod, ab

Peſtis contagioſa,

vno in aliũ ſemꝑ ſeſe transferat. Euenit, vt a quib⁹ auxilia expectemus, ipſi ſint peſtiferi· & ægris nondũ exitialiter laborãtib⁹, exitiũ adferãt. Ediuerſo, ægri ſuis medicis, tum cuſtodibus, a quibus, liberationẽ & deſiderãt, & ſuſcipiũt· lethalẽ peſtem, ꝓmij loco ſæpiſſime ꝑſoluũt :— Nullibi (ꝓ peſtilẽtẽ cœli plagam) ſecurũ refugiũ. nõ parẽtes ad liberos, nõ liberi ad parentes, aut agnatos, tuto ſe recipiũt. vbiq; em̃ mortales graſſant̃ inimicitiæ, vt nimirũ, (duro hoc tp̃e) homo homini lup⁹

Per peſtilentiæ ſtatum homo homini lupus,

Inuectio in fugæ amolitores

Similitudines,

cenſeat̃ :— Aſt ſi duræ ceruicis homĩes, Grillo ſtolidiores, tal
pa cæciores, gallo cõtentioſiores, extẽt· qui, expoſitis iam cau
ſis, nolint ſibi ꝑſuaderi, cõtagione peſtem inficere· ĳ, animum
adhibeãt, ad bruta animalia· quę, oculis indies cernũt, cõtactu
labefieri. Vnã ouem morbidã, totũ gregẽ, horrẽda ſcabie, ſæ-
pius polluiſſe cõſtat. Quis neſcit, pomũ putrens, circũpoſita
attingens, om̃ia corrũpe? Nec animalia, rationis exꝑtia, ægri-
tudinẽ ex cõtagione gigni, (vti diximus) ignorãt. quippe ꝓ
tẽporis cõditione, habitãdi locũ, cõuariãt· & ſalutarẽ ſcrutant̃.
Cũ ergo nulla alia ad fugã ꝑmoueat ratio· bruta tamẽ imitari
cõueniet. Verũ, longiꝰ quã noſtrũ inſtitutũ expoſcit· digreſſi
ſumꝰ :— Nũc ad locũ, quo fugiẽdũ, & tẽpus fugę redituiq; cõ
gruũ, diſputatõnẽ ꝯuertere expediet :— Graſſante peſte, fuga,
haudquaq; diu tardet̃. ſed celerrime in orã a peſtifero fluxu
longinquã, eſt cõmigrandũ. vbi, vel anno ꝑ̃terlapſo, vel parũ
ab anno, ſęuiens peſtilitas, deſtituerit· auraq;, ab om̃i veneno,
ſit ꝑpurgata· nec aliquod peſtilẽtiæ veſtigiũ relictũ. satiꝰ enim
fuerit, in talem cõcedere locũ· quã in eũ, quem, etſi peſtis nõ-
dũ inuaſerit· timor tñ adſit, eã breui iſtuc lapſurã :— Nec ſecu-
rum iudicauerim, auffugere in locũ, quẽ peſtilẽtia paulo ante
occupãs, reliquit. ꝑtimeſcẽdũ em̃, iſtic ꝗcquã peſtiferi in aura
remãſiſſe· quod, tametſi incolas inſalubritatis auræ cõſuetos,
nõ lędat· aduenis tñ, exitioſum foret :— Salubri loco habitãdi
inuento, iſtic expectandũ eſt. quoad, teterrima lues, domi ceſ-
ſet· & longo tꝑis interuallo, neminẽ tollat. Curandũq; ne ĳ ꝗ,
in peſtilẽti aura demorati, demũ auffugiãt· eodẽ hoſpitio exci
piant̃. aut familiaritate cõfabulãdi cõuiuandiue eo cõueniant.
tales em̃, veneficũ halitũ ſpirare, qui, enecat· magna hoĩm mor
te, exploratũ ẽ :— Ciuitates, vici, pagi, magnas fugientiũ peſtẽ
cateruas, intromittẽtes· cõtagione facile infitiunt̃. nec mirum,
cum hoc virus, etiam veſtitui laneo ſeſe implicet· & ab vno in
alium letaliter repat :— Scribit non ignobilis medicꝰ· a patritia
muliere, culcitrã, quę, peſtilentia inſtante, vſui fuerit· cõtẽptã·
in abditã domus partẽ ꝓiectã. inutilem, latuiſſe annis ſeptem.
interea temporis, veneni prauitatem, ex ſqualore et ſitu inua-

Fuga accelerãda,

Quo fugiẽdũ,

Peſtilens aura incolis minus noxia ꝗ; aduenis,

Cõſuetudo periculoſa cũ ĳs, ꝗ in peſtilentia diu demorati tandẽ affugiũt,

Hiſtoria,

luiſſe, cumq; denuo in vſum reciperet̃, diſcuteret̃q; · famulas om̃es peſte captas animã ſubito expiraſſe. Sed de his hactenus nunc eos, qui publici alicuius mũeris admĩſtratiõe, vel ꝓprijs negotijs impediti, a peſtifero loco ſecedere nequeũt· auxilia vitam tutãtia edocebimus. primũq;, de aere, (nocẽtiſſima peſtis cauſa) agemus. ea lege, quod ad hoc noſtrũ negotiũ ſpectãtia amplectemur, aliena vero, ſummo reſecabimus ſtudio· & q̃; breuiſſime fieri poterit, noſtrũ inceptũ deducemus :—

DE AERIS SALVBRITATE CONSERVANDA,

Peſtilentia ex putrenti aere contracta, exitioſiſs,
Venenũ cordi inimiciſſimum

Non aliquã inſidioſiorẽ vitæ hũanæ peſtem, medẽdi artis conſummatiſſimi opifices ducũt· quã eã, quę ex putrenti aere, ꝓuenit. quippe, intima cordis conceptacula, aeri, propter ſpirandi neceſſitatẽ, ſemꝑ patẽt. qui, veneficus exiſtẽs, ꝓtinus cor (pricipẽ animi partẽ) ĩterimere molit̃. venenũ em̃ inſita quadã ꝓprietate, cordi ẽ inimicũ· & e veſtigio ad ipſum ꝓuehit̃ :—Difficillimũ itaq; eſt· talia tradere remedia· quę in peſtilenti aere cũctantes, peſtiſq; fomitem ſꝑ hauriẽtes, incolumes retineant :—

Tuta aduerſus peſtẽ remedia inuẽtu difficillima,

Nos tñ, pro virili noſtra, optima quæq; p̄ſidia, ex p̄ſtãtiſs medicis paſſim excerpta, cõſcribemus. quibus, eo curioſius obediendũ, quo maius diſcrimẽ imminet. ſed ne longiori p̄fatione tedio ſim· rem exordiar :— Qui lœtifero hoc tẽpore, ingr̃atu, aut alia neceſſitate aſtricti, ſuas inhabitare ſedes malũt· quã tuta habitacula ſequi, p̄cipue caueãt, ne in aere nebuloſo, nubiloue, quem, vel auſter, vel ſubſolanus, aut alius qualiſcũq; ventus, de lœtifero cœlo ꝓficiſcẽs ꝑflat, obambulẽt · curſitẽt· diutius operent̃· aut quouis modo corpus laſſent :— Talis aura, & hęc ventorũ gñ̃a, ſua natura, humectãt, calefatiũtq; corpora· & ad putreſcẽdũ diſponũt :— Tũ craſſus, hũidus, incluſus, immotꝰ aer (cui, nulla ex parte exitus dat̃) calori vitali, ſpiritibuſq;, eſt inimicus· eos obtũdit· & grauẽ in hũoribꝰ putrefactionẽ accẽdit :— Perſpicuũ ex eo euadit· peſtilẽti tꝑis tractu, ſpũm, ĩcauernis, antris, argẽtifodinis, oĩbuſq; alijs ſubterraneis locis, ſtruc-

Qualis aer & quę vẽtorum gñ̃a vitanda,

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turiſcꝫ obſtruſis, latentẽ, occluſum, nõ libera aura tranſpirabi
lem, ſolerter vitandũ eſſe :— Memoriæ ꝓditũ eſt· quod & lon
ge ſapiẽtiſſimus medicinæ author Gale, refert, Athenis æſta-
tem ariditate caliditateꝗ; feruentiſſima exuberaſſe· herbas, ar-
bores, ſegeteſcꝫ, feruoris intẽperãtia exuſtas, animalia bruta,
ob nimiũ ardorẽ animas liquiſſe, homĩes refrigeria quęritãtes
ſubterraneas incoluiſſe ſpelũcas, & ab impuro, craſſo, putrẽti
cauernarũ ſpiritu, corporũ ſuccos, mortifera putredine cor-
ruptos, deĩde eos, q ibi deguere, largiſſima morte extĩctos:—
hinc ne caloris quidẽ intẽperie, ſalubriter ſubtꝰ terrã habitare
licet· p̃ſertim, ſi terra putrẽs peſtilitatẽ gignat, aer ſubterraneo
rum meatuũ exitialis eſt. & diligenter declinãdus :— At, ſi pe
ſtilitatis vitiũ, aquę corruptæ pariãt· nõ valles, quę aquis plu-
unt· montibuſcꝫ circũſeptæ ſunt· qui, aurã coerceãt· nec vẽtis
trãſgreſſum ꝯcedãt. nõ loca, Stagnis, puteis, cloacis, paludibꝰ,
lacunaribus, adiacẽtia, incolere oportet. ſed ſedẽ, in purꝝ, liberꝝ
aerẽ transferre· qui, nullis aquarũ venenoſis vaporibus pollui
poſſit :— Et vt ſaluberrimũ habitãdi locũ deſcribã· eũ, ex cla-
riſſimis authoribus tutiſſimũ reperio· qui, humi nõ iacet· ſed
ſublimis eſt· in ſeptẽtrionẽ oriẽtemcꝫ ſolẽ ſpectãs· ab omĩbꝰ fœ
tidis, ſquallidis, artifitiorũ officinis, longiſſime ſepoſitus. quẽ,
nulla putrẽtiũ aquarũ illuuies ambit· nullæ cauernæ (tetros
eructãtes fumos) ꝑturbãt· nullo cœmiterio attiguus eſt· in li-
bero, amœno, integro, nõ effoſſo ſitꝰ ſolo, a ſolis ortu, atcꝫ ſep
tẽtrione, ventorũ flatus ſaniſſimos liberrime trãſmittere p̃t:—
Cõtra, fatalis, exitioſuſcꝫ eſt. qui, telluri iacẽs, ſꝑ humet· craſſo
nubilo ſpiritu, fumat· proximꝰ excoriatoris officinæ, putren-
tem exalationẽ excipit· aut fœtorẽ, immũditiẽue, ſordidæ ali-
cuiꝰ artis, participat· fœtẽtes, atros, putres, ſepulchrorꝝ halitꝰ,
ĩtromittit· cloacis, ſtagnis, paludibus, lauacris, obſitus· ꝑpetua
aeris obſcuritate obducit· in occiduũ ſolem, meridiẽcꝫ ꝓſpec-
tum habens, exitioſis harũ orbis partiũ flatibꝰ eſt puiꝰ :— Habi
tacula ãt, electiſſimi loci naturã non examuſsim obtinentia, q̃
ꝓpius ad eam accedũt· eo ſalubriora, quo vero plures deter-
rimi loci cõditiões habẽt· eo ſuſpectiora, quod, peſtem capiãt

Galeni, Hiſtoria

Subterranea loca (ſi peſtis a t̃ra oriat̃) nõ in habitanda.

Dep̃ſſa paludinoſa habitatio eſt vitãda ſi peſtis ex aq̃ oriat̃

Cõuenientiſſimus in peſtilẽtia habitãdi locus,

Locus inſalubris ꝑ peſtilẽtiã

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Auerrois,

ſunt iudicanda:- Auerrois aũt, huic de habitãdi loco ſentẽtiæ,
refragaẽ. animaduertẽs, & ſupnas & infernas exitij hui⁹ origi
nes. Statuit · depreſſas imaſq; humi ſedes inhabitãdas, morti-
fero malo a ſupernis inquinamẽtis naſcente. Sin vero, ĩfernæ
res morti cauſam præbeant · in ſublata, & ędita habitacula, cõ
ſcendẽdum admonet. ſed ſua & ſequatium opinio, exploſu eſt
ꝗ̃ facilis · eam, abſq; vllo negotio refellerem. ni, conſtituiſſem,
communi hominũ ſaluti, breuiſſimis præceptis cõſulere · nec
animos (inuoluta diſſenſione) implicare velle:- Mihi cũ illu-
ſtrioribus medicis conuenit. in omni peſtilentia, excelſum lo-
cũ, (qualem ſaniſſimũ eſſe demonſtrauimus) incolẽdum. Po-

Aeris puritas ſp̃ cõſeruanda,

ſtea ꝗ̃ maxime curandum, vti habitationis aura, omni tem-
pore, pura, ſincera, delectabili odore redolens, conſeruetur.
quod, potiſſimũ perficitur · Si non tanto temporis ſpatio aer
introcluſus contineatur, donec craſſeſcat · putriatq; · ſed indies,
quum ſol, iamdiu exort⁹, exteræ auræ craſſitiem diſſoluerit ·
abſumpſeritq; · Venti per ſpiracula, ab oriente, ſeptẽtrioneq;,

Auicenna

patefacta · tranſmittantur · qui, interceptæ auræ, contractum
ſquallorem, euehant. harum plagarũ venti, (ſi Auicennæ cre
dimus) auram purificant · omnemq; putreſcendi occaſionem
aufferunt. Noctu autem & meridie, ſpiracula omnia diligen-
ter ſint obſtructa · ne, extimus introeat aer · quod certe, nõ abſ-

Peſtilẽtia correpti a ſanorũ ꝯſortio ſegregandi,

q; graui periculo eſſet :- Proderit etiam omniũ maxime, nul
lum peſte laborantem, domi tollerare. alioqui domus, dupli-
ci veneno · vtputa, circunflua aura, & ægri peſtifero halitu,
affecta · minime ſecura eſſe poſſet :- Pręterea, odores · aro-
matum incenſio, aquarum fuſiones, quæ, auræ noxam cor-
rigant · venenumq; abſummant · valentiſſimo ſunt remedio

Non quolibet tẽpore q̃buſlibet medicaminib⁹ aer purificandus,

ne domeſtici aeris corruptio contingat · Si modo cuiuſlibet
temporis recta ratione habita, horum vſus accomodatus fue
rit · rectam rationem temporis, quod, odoribus, incenſionib⁹,
tum aquarũ fuſione, eſt emendandũ · habendam aio, vt ſimul
adhorter · non quibuſlibet, odoribus, incenſionibus, peſtilentẽ
aurã purificantib⁹, quolibet tempore abſque delectu vtendũ ·
quemadmodũ ſtolidi tradunt · quandoquidẽ, Si feruoris ni-

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mietas vulgare lethũ facit· periculoſiſſimũ eſt· calidis odorib⁹
frui .itidem. Si frigore magno, magna mors vrget· frigida re-
media damnũ afferũt· iccirco quolibet tẽpore, & cauſam po-
pularis interitus, & temporũ qualitates cõtemplari neceſſum
eſt· vt ſecundũ eas auxiliandi rationẽ inſtituamus, atque ideo
cum morbus, (ſupernis excitatus cauſis) in immẽſo feruore
infeſtet· ignis incenſio nihil auxiliatᷣ. immo potius, intemperi-
em, caloris adauget· aerem ſubtilem, rarum, impreſſioni vene
ficæ peruium, reddit. Vt læuius veneno peruincatᷣ :- Con
currendum ergo eſt · feruentiſſimo peſtilitatis tempore, ad ea
ſubſidia, quę, calorem demulcent · refrigerant · inflammandi
vim frangunt :- Talia ſunt, Roſa, Viola, Nimphea, Salicis,
Mirthi, mali granati, Citoniorum, folia. hęc poſt ſolis ortum,
rore quo immaduere exiccato, colligantur. aqua roſata aceto
permixta, immergantur. puluereq́ʒ ſandali Citrini aſpergan-
tur. Ad hunc modum parata, per ſolium habitationis, per
ſcamna, affatim diſpergantur, & ne aceti quantitas ignoretur,
ſciendum, quo intenſior deſideratur ſiccitas, eo plus aceti attri-
buendum eſt. quo vero remiſſior exigitur · eo minus per-
fũdere aceti oportet:- Opulenti autem accipiant, aquæ roſatę
lib j aceti ℥ iij trochiſcorũ Camphoræ ſandalorum citrino-
rum & rubrorum añ ʒ j camphore ʒ ſ hac mixtura quẽ-
admodum iam docuimus, flores, foliaq́ʒ, perfundant· perq́ʒ ha
bitaculum circũſpergant. afferet non mediocrem frugem · ta-
peta, linteas telas, quibus, parietes obuelãtur · guttatim eadem
mixtura madefacere:- Quib⁹ aũt iſœlitior eſt fortuna. ſat erit
ſola roſata aqua aceto perfuſa, aut frigidiuſcula aqua fontis ſca
turientis aceto admixto, habitationem perfundere. Mirum q́ʒ
hæc oĩa auræ Feruorẽ cõtemperẽt, demlceãt, & ſpũ vitalẽ
calorẽq́ʒ genuinũ refocillẽt :- Ad hęc nõ mediocritᷣ ꝯducet, ꝑ
peſtilẽtię ſtatũ, fatiẽ, mãuſq́ʒ, aq̃ roſata pauxillo aceto ꝑfuſa, fre
quẽtᷣ et abſtergere et oblinire:- His etiã cõmode accedit odora
mẽtoꝝ ſalutarĩ vſ⁹, qb⁹ vẽenũ abigitᷣ:- Verꝫ quũ mltis ęgeſtas
obſtet, ne ꝓtioſa odoramẽta cõparẽt. talib⁹ vtile ẽ. ſpõgiã i acetũ
aq̃ roſacea ꝑmixtũ, odoramẽti loco geſtare· freq̃ntᷣ q́ʒ odorare.

Quib⁹ aer fer-
uido tpe. ad ſa-
lutare tẽpamẽ-
tũ ducendus.

Aqua Roſata
aceto mixta
man⁹ abſtergẽ
dæ, faties illini-
enda.

At quibus nũmi ſuppetũt, ſequẽti deſcriptione odorã ſphęrã
Deſcriptio pomi odori Aeſtate vtilis,
eis cõſici, ꝓcurẽt. ℞ Laudani terepẽtine ſepenũero lotæ & vl-
timo cũ aqua roſata añ ℥ ſ ſandalorũ omniũ roſarũ ru, vio-
larum, foliorũ mirthi, corticũ granatorũ, gariofilorũ, Croci,
corticũ citri, Cãphore, añ ℈ i muſci diſſoluti in aq̃ roſata g̃ v
puluerifent puluerifanda et ĩ mortario cum piſtello calido in
corporent & fiat pomũ :- Neĩnẽ capiat admiratio, huic pilæ
quę, calido tẽpore vſui paraẽ aromata quędã calida leuiuſculi
põderis, adhibita eſſe, ſed idiþm accurate factũ autumẽt. vt fri
gidorũ vis, calidorũ ope, otius ad ĩtima cordis penetralia ꝑfe
ratur. eapropter, frigida, calidis ſp (penetrãdi gratia) cõſultiſ-
ſime fulciunt:- Sin aeris ꝯſtitutio, ad frigoris exceſſum labaẽ
Quę aromata frigido tpe ad corrigendũ aeris diſtemperamentũ ꝓficua,
& vel ꝓpter aquæ, vel alterius terrenæ rei corruptionẽ, peſti-
lẽs oboriaẽ abolicio, mox calidis odoribus, ſuffimentiſq;, ae-
ris tẽperãtiã moliri opportunũ ẽ:- Habitatio itaq; obſternaẽ
floſculis, romuſculis, calida vi pollẽtibus, circũponanẽ fruct⁹,
optimo redolẽtes odore. hui⁹ generis ſunt Maiorana, Oſimũ
Herbæ
gariofilatũ, Menta, Melliſſa, Calamentũ, Roſmarinus, Folia
Citri, & fructus eiuſdẽ, incendaẽ ignis non lignis carie obeſis
Ligna
putrẽtibuſq;, ſed integris ſiccis varij gñis. iam Iuniperꝝ, modo
laurꝝ, poſt abietẽ, deide Pinũ, Tamariſcũ, Cupreſſũ, Sauinã,
Pomũ Citri
Rorẽmarinũ, Sarmẽta vitis, cõburere vtile eſt:- Pomũ Citri
Auicenna
infectã aurã purificat, Auicẽ: authore, ꝓprio de hoc pomo ca
pite :- Idẽ limones, odoraq; poma, opanẽ :- Subſequẽter ſuf
fumigia odora aſtruere, & carbonibus ſiccis, ſolidis, inijtere
vriq; cõpetet. Talia ſũt Storax calamita, Alipta muſcata, Gal-
Trochiſci carbonib⁹ inijtiẽdi
lia muſcata, Trochiſci de ligno aloes. vl'ſi magis libet, ſuffumi
gio ex aromatis varij generis conſtãte frui. ℞ laudani Verni
cis añ ℥ i Terebẽtine Maſticis Storacis añ ʒ ſ gariofilorum
Macis Croci, ligni aloes grani tinctorũ añ ʒ i Gallie muſcate
Alipte muſcate, Nucis muſcate Cipri Aſari Been albi & ru-
Quib⁹ curta ſuppellex, aptũ ſolo ex Thure ſuffimentũ eſt.
bri Calami aromatici, folij, corticũ citri, Cinamomi añ ʒ ij in-
corporẽẽ oĩa ĩ mortario cũ piſtello calido pri⁹ tñ terẽda teraẽ,
Et fiant Trochiſci, vnuſq; tritus carbonibus inijtiaẽ:- Ino-
pes vero tãto pretio carẽtes, ſolo thure ſumma, ſalutis fruge,

habitationē ſuffumigabūt :- Item trochiſci quos, vulgo vſile
tos appellitant· hac deſcriptiōe cōficiantꝰ inurantꝗꝫ. quibus ad
miranda vis ineſt· humiditatē venenoſitatēqꝫ aeris exiccando
abſummere ℞ laudani puri. Mirhe Thuris Maſticis Stora-
cis calamite añ ℥ ſ cipri, Roſarū ru, ſanſuci añ ℥ j Cinamōi
Gariofiloꝝ ſandali ſpice nardi Macis añ ʒ j ß carbonū ligni
ſalicis lib. ſ incorporentꝰ oīa ſimul & fiant formule oblōge
ſubtiles veluti cādele addēdo ſi opus eſt de muſcilagine gum-
mi arabici extracta cum aqua roſarū ꝓ meliori incorporatōe
Si vis magis aromatiſare admiſce aliquid muſci vel ambræ, ſi
remittere caliditatē vis adde Cāphore ſecūdū qd' volueris :-

Cādelę incēſę aerē purificātes

Inſup Gēmas nōnullas, inſita vi ꝑditas cōmendāt authores, q̄
peſtilens venenū nc obſit abarceāt. Rubinū aureo annulo in-
cluſum, portantē ea nobili vi cōmūire, tradit Albertus. Saphi
rus in annulo delatꝰ, & ab antrace & febre peſtilētiali liberare
creditꝰ. Idem Iacinctus collo alligatus, vel in annulū cōcluſus,
præſtare laudatus eſt. Sunt plæræqꝫ aliæ gēmæ · quibꝰ mira
virtus, vnū aliqd' corporis mēbrū cōfortādi, adeſt. Smaragdꝰ
cerebrū, Saphirus iecur, Corallus vētriculū, ꝗꝫ maxime cor-
roborat :- Eſto etiā qd' nō vlla alia vi lapides præcioſi polle-
rent· ꝗꝫ æſtimatione. tñ ob opinionē & ſplēdorē (quo, letifi-
cant.) non paruū ſanitati momentū afferrēt :-

Gēmæ delatæ peſtilens virus abigentes, Rubinus Saphirus, Iacinctus

Tali (ſicut iā
pręcepimus) rōne, peſtilētem aurā, vel calore vel frigore ni-
mio exundantē, mitigandā cōtēperādāqꝫ luculētiſſimi autho-
res ꝑhibēt :- Reſtat vt ſuccincte ꝑſtringā, q̄ modo mediū tps,
(quod ex calore frigoreqꝫ mixtis teporē ſortitꝰ) tractādū ſit.
Tepidū tēpus ſi lœtiferū eſt· oīa præſidia ad mediocritatē du
cere cōuenit. Verūtamē in omni aereo diſtēꝑamēto, plurimū
ꝓderit aeris ad ſiccitatē frigiditatēqꝫ declinatio· quod ſolæ hæ
qualitates (Auctore Ariſtotele) putrefactionem nō commit-
tant· intercipiāt· & prorſus excludant. Nec modo ad debitam
ſanitatis defenſionē, ꝑ aeris cōtemꝑamētū, aerearū qualitatū,
impreſſionū, animaduerſio requiritꝰ, verūetiā regionis, ętatis
ſexuſqꝫ cōtemplatio. Etem̄ colericis aer ad intenſius frigus, ꝗꝫ
phlegmaticis ducendus eſt· pariter iuuenibus magis quā ętate

Queādmodū medio tꝑe aer ſalutaris efficiatꝰ

In oīi aereo peſtilēti diſtemꝑamēto, aer ad ſiccitatē & frigiditatē ductꝰ ſanitati eſt, Ariſtoteles,

Diuerſæ corporis cōſtitutiones diuerſa aeris tꝑamenta exigunt,

defectis, hæc om̄ia, vt opportune & proficue adaptent̄ remé
dia, ſolerter p̄pēdere oportet. Expetit vt ad victus rationem
progrediamur.

DE SALVBRI VICTVS RATIONE,

Corpora praui habitus potiſſimū peſtilēti ardore tentant̄

Bona victus ratio, ſicut om̄i tempore, ſanitatis ſtudioſo, habē
da eſt. ita vel hoc infœlici tempore, eo magis, quod, corpora
recrementoſa, vitioſis ſuccis diſtenta, & quę immoderatius aſ
ſidue genio indulgent· propenſius peſtilitatis vitio occūbant·
quā quę frugaliter victitātia, purā ſincerā habitudinē obtine
ant, etſi etiā optimi habitus homines, incurioſius quodlibet ali
monię genus in victum admittentes, ſi quod veneno attactū
obueniat, edant (vti hoc tempore vix nō cōtingit) nō me=
diocri in periculo verſentur. operępretium igitur factur⁹ vi=
deor· Si qualis cibus, potuſque, in vſum deligendus ſit· qua=
tenuſq; & edendū & bibendū, tum cæteras circa corp⁹ func=
tōes (duro hoc tēpore) neceſſarias, paucis aperiā· quo cau
tius mortiferus affectus euitetur:- Qui ſanos ſe conſeruare

Qualis alimonia deligenda,

volunt· nec peſtilentia affici, optimū quęq; cibatū ſibi deligāt·
qui, ante peſtilentē annū collectus, nihil huc uſq; vitij accepit.
Alimonia autē aere venenoſo parta, vel quæ ſuſpecta habet̄·
quod putrenti ex terra ortū duxerit · vel ſua natura minime
durabilis, hūorē facile putreſcibilē præbeat· penitus venit cō=
temnēda :- Paſtu, qui, durabiles ſuccos, om̄i abilitate putre

Tēp⁹ iuſtū & cōmoda ratio edendi,

ſcēdi vacātes gignit· corpora die bis ſunt nutriēda. Si vera iſtet
fames, perículoſiſſimū aūt eſt · ſtomacho nihil appetente, aut
famē, ſitimue, faſtidio quodā mētiēte· vētrē explere. eapropt̄
nihil aſſumēdū· p̄uſquā poſt p̄fectā cōcoctōez pura, vera, ſto
machi appetētia adſit· quę, hiſce dep̄hēdit̄ iditījs. Quū ex p̄xi

Signa p̄fectæ concoctionis,

mo ſumptu aluus nō turget· ex nocturna crapula vētricul⁹ ni=
hil acidi eructat· Corpus impigrū, & cibi abſque faſtidio aui=

Frugaliter corpus paſcēdū eē

dum eſt. Tū ventriculus cibo diutius nō fraudēdus· immo il=
lico corpus paſcere licet· frugaliter, & deliberate· ne canina q̄=
dam voracitate, raptim incontritū quicquid obuenit ingurgi=

temus. Molliuſcula concoctu promptiora, prius quam ſicca, diutius concoquendi facultatem occupantia, edere placet. omnia exactiſſime mandere, quæ offendant ſecernere, varietatē eduliorū, quæ, ad nauſeantē pelliceat expletionem reſpuere, leuiuſculo deſiderio abſtinere, ſanitati conducit: & recta vitæ ratio, hoc modo curare corpus expoſcit:– Subſequenter, ſpetiatim de his, quæ quottidianus vſus neceſſario poſtulat præcipiemus. Nam ſingula, quæ in victum venire poſſunt· non niſi ampliſſimus liber amplecteret̄,

Cōcoctu pmptiora prius edēda,

Cibariorū varietatē reijciēdā quæ ad magnā repletionē inuitat,

DE PANE,

Panis, (vniuerſi paſtus munimentum) ex frumento optimo, quod, vetuſtate nihil perijt· neq; vermibus exeſum· nequæ putrenti ex ſolo (lœtali temporis curſu) productū eſt· Galeno authore cōſtet, Sit albiſſimus, a furfure adamuſſim expurgatus· in aqua pura ſcaturientis fontis, non ea, quę ex niue vel glatie defluit ſubactus, incorruptis lignis optime coctꝰ, leuis, parum admixti ſalis habēs, duorum aut trium dierum, noxiꝰ is eſt· qui antiquitate induruit, extima eius cruſta præciſa comedatur· duplus, aut ſeſquialter, ad oua· triplus ad carnes, quadruplus ad piſces, adhibendus eſt. nonnullorū medicorū ſententia

Optimi frumēti cōditiones· Galenus

Bōi panis notę

Panis duorum aut triū ſit dierum,

DE CARNE,

Suilla Caro

Caro omnis humida, pręcipue animaliū quæ, ſordibꝰ & immunditie enutriunt̄ eſui minime commoda eſt. Suilla igitur, oim̄q; eorū animaliū, quę in auiarijs, viuarijſq; detēta ſaginantur & aues aquaticæ contemnant̄:– Apta animalia ad eſum ea ab authoribus laudata inuenio· quæ editiſſima incolunt loca, optimis floribꝰ, hærbis ſiccis, paſcunt̄· liberaq; aura gaudent. Spræta ſunt ſemp, quę ex paludibus ſtagnis aut agro ſterqlinio pigueſcēte paſcuā quæritāt:– Optimū iccirco nutrimentū exhibet, Turdus, Faſianus, omnia ſilueſtriū gallorū genera, Bonoſa, Palumbes, perdices, Merula, Alauda, auiculę oēs ſyl

Aialia eſui opportuna,

Quorū aialiū caro vitāda,

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Caro aīaliũ domeſticorũ boni nutrimẽti.

ueſtres, ex quadrupedibus ceruus, lepus, iuuenes, ap & his
ſimilia . Ex domeſticis & auib9 & quadrupedib9 congruunt
Capo, Pullaſtri, Veruex, Hædi, Vituli Lactentes, īcorrupta
paſcua alita, animalium omnium viſcera, cerebro epateq; gal
lino dempto, habent̄ mala. inſup caro dura, viſcoſa, tenax, no
cua eſt. qualis, vri, bouina, hirci, cerui, leporis veteris eſt. Pari
ratiõe nocet caro ſuffita atque ſalita. Aeſtatis, & feruoris, tem
pore, caro modico aceto elixa. magis ꝙ aſſa competit :- Hie
me aũt, ſatius eſt, aſſa, quã elixa, frui :-

DE OVIS, LACTE, ET PISCIBVS,

Oua ſalubria. Pinguia queq; inſana, Piſces omnes inſalutares Inſaniſſimi piſces qui. Auerrois

Oua gallinarũ recentia, ſorbilia, cõgruũt Aſt pinguedine
butiro, aut oleo frixa ſicut & cętera piguia omia, obſunt. ran
cida, putida. nõ ſecus ꝙ lethale venenũ abhorrenda cenſeo :-
Eſus lactis incõuenit. Piſtiũ oīm vſus inſalubris eſt. peſſimi tñ
ſunt. qui limoſo lacu, paludibus, piſcinis, (quibus oēs vrbium
ſordes influũt) alunt̄. tales em̄ cõmeſti, (Auerroe teſte) ma
los in corpore ſuccos, generãt. Saliti quoq;, haud ꝓſunt qđ
cõtractã ex ſale acuitatẽ habeãt. qua, hũores accendũt :- Ve-

Delect9 piſtiũ,

runtñ, Si ſctiſſime (religiõis nr̄æ) leges, piſtib9 veſci vrgeãt
Eligãt̄, ſquamis ꝑditi, albæ, fragilis carnis, ſaxatiles, fluuiales.
recens capti. tales vino & aceto, rectiſſime cocti, calide edant̄.
refrigerati caueant̄. qm̄ incõmodi plurimũ corpori ingerũt :-
Puluerẽ hũc vt piſtiũ prauitatẽ corrigas in pauxillũ vini im-
mergito eo, ſalſuginis loco, ad piſces fruito. afferet etiam ad
aſſæ carnis eſum additus, nõ exiguã frugem :-

Puluis piſtium malitiam emẽdans,

℞ ʒʒ al. Cinamomi electi & a ſupiore cortice mũdati ℥ i Co
riãdrorũ ꝑpatorũ ʒ ij ß Gariofilorꝫ Cardamomi Nuc] mu-
ſcate añ ʒ j ß Raſure ebor] ʒ ſ Corallorũ rub. ʒ j Radicũ tor
mẽtille diptami ſandalorũ oīm añ ʒ ſ Croci ℈ ij Raſure vni
corni ℈ i Fiat puluis addito zaccaro ꝓ libito tuo & is pona
tur ęſtate in acetũ roſaceũ aut inacetũ vini, hieme in vinũ,

De Fructibus,

Fructus om̄es horarios, (qui putreſcibilē corpori ſuccū cō-cinnāt) hoc in periculo, prorſus damno. neqꝫ ꝓbauerim, eos, in delitijs habēdos· qui, cōtra peſtem, remedio eē credunt· ne auidius quā par ſit, deuorent. nam, ex his impletio, nō incolumitati, ſed morbo ē. ſicuti vniꝰ cuiuſqꝫ medicię īmodicꝰ vſus :-

Fructꝰ nocui,

Fructibꝰ, q̄ medicamēto ſunt, nō vt cibo veſcendum,

De Potu,

Potus clarꝰ, a fecibus ad vnguē expurgatus, leuis, minime in corruptionē ꝓnus, eſt opportunꝰ. ſiue cereuiſia, ſiue vinū, talis ſit· malo tñ, vinū, vel albū, vel rubrū. odorū· qđ, leuē ſtipticitatē ſapiat. dulce incōmodū eſt· qđ iecinoris meatꝰ obſtruat· & fumoſum ſpm̄ gignat. Vinū, (quale diximus) iuſto meratius obueniēs, aqua diluat· duabus vel tribꝰ horis, antea q̄ꝫ bibat :- Cauēda vacuo ſtomacho bibitio · atqꝫ etiā corpore alimonia curato, q̄tuor aut quīqꝫ horis potus eſt ſubtrahendus· deinde ſi clamoſa & extorrēs ſitis inſtet· bibere licet. antea tñ panis aliq̄t bolis cōeſtis, qui, vinū cohibeāt. · ne ſubito potum, cerebrū, neruoſqꝫ, percutiat :-

Potus ſanus,
Vinū potiꝰ q̄ꝫ
Cereuiſia, bibēdum,
A vino dulci abſtinendum,
Vini dilutō qñ conueniat
Bibitio qñ inſalubris,
Bibitio quādo ſalua,

DE INANITIONE, REPLETIONEQVE :-

Nō famem immodicā, nō ſitim, quæ, naturam excedat· ꝓferēdam autumo. Vtraqꝫ certæ modū ſuperās, malo eſt. iterū ſacietas, ebrietaſqꝫ anxia, aluū ꝓtendēs, venas diſtrahēs, corpus ignauū reddēs, vim mētis hebetās, in multa grauiſſimarū ęgritudinū diſcrimina, pręcipitat. potiſſimū vero peſtilitate īſtāte, exitio eſt. coercēda ergo om̄i tpe, intēꝑans ſtomachi cupedia. ꝓcul abigēdæ, oēs inordīatæ delitiæ· voluptates· cohibēda ardens libido, ſemouenda ſuauiorū obſonioꝝ magna varietas, ad largā irritās ingluuiē· vitāda diligentiſſime oīs vētriculi cruditas· vitęqꝫ ratō, ad ſūmā oīm reꝝ tēꝑātiā redeat. Ita & ſane viuere, & peſtis immunes eſſe poterimꝰ :- At ingluuioſi heluones, (qui ventrē deū colūt) iam a crapula abſcedētes, mox nouas vorādi appetētias īcitare nō ceſſantes, nec aduerſus peſtem cōmuniri, nec vnq̄ꝫ frugi hoīes eſſe pñt, ſed vario interitꝰ

Excrutiās ſitis tū fames noxia
Expletio cibo potuqꝫ, nocētiſſima.
Vitę ratio q̄lis in peſtilētia cōueniens,
In Edaces,

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gn̄e, copioſiſſime ſꝑ peribūt :- deinceps danda opa, ne, corpꝰ ſqualore & ſitu obſitū, langueat. egeſtionū cōtētiōe laboret. talis ne accedat offenſa. corpꝰ indies ab oibꝰ excremētis ſubleuare, excernēdo ſputū, deijtiēdo alui ſedimina, oportet :-

DE EXERCITANDI RATIONE.

Rōes, qbꝰ nōnulli ꝑ peſtilētē aeris fluxū exercitiū ꝓhibēt,

Corpis exercitamēta ꝑ peſtilentē cōditionē nōnulli iterdicūt. arbitrātes, cōcitato motu, amplā frequētemqꝫ accidere ſpirationē, incalere plus æq̄ corpꝰ. ſpiramēta diſtēdi · itaqꝫ aerē veneficū, magna copia (per inſpirationē magnā) attractū, per diſtenſos poros affatim intromiſſum, facillime offendere atqꝫ enecare prędicāt :- Nos tn̄ longe ſetius rem ꝑpendentes, iudicamus · opportunā exercitationē non modo nihil obeſſe · imo potius ſalutem cōciliare & fouere. Etem̄, Reges aſſidua, corpus humiditatibus & excrementis (quę cito putreſcāt) adimplet · calorē genuinū minuit · vt abūdantē hūorē cōcoquere et abſūmere neq̄at :- Exercitiū ꝯtra, mane, nubilo dēſo aere, ꝑ ſolares radios diſcuſſo · aut ān cœnā, initū · corpore vacuo, puro, innatum calorē excitat · ſuccos nocuos (in putredinem expeditos) exiccat · robori corporis addit · vires tum anīales tum vitales & reſtaurat · et firmat · putrefactionē ſuccorū ꝓhibet · quod & Auicēna ſentit. Sincerū aūt corpꝰ, viribus validū, veneno minus euincit. quippe integritate habitus, & valido robore, infectioni reſiſtere, & veneficā qualitatē excutere, valet :- Narrat memori mēte tenēdā hiſtoriā Raſes. decimo ſeptio Cōtinētis. Exortā olim peſtē ſæuiſſimā, quę, innūerā hoīm multitudinē abſtulerit. reliqueritqꝫ ſolos venatores intactos · q, exercitō, habitꝰ puritatē ꝯſeruauere :- Dilucet ex eo quod, & ego vna cū Auerroe auſim affirmare. nulli negligēdū exercitiū · q̄ꝫ huic qui malit æger, q̄ꝫ ſanus degere :- Quapropter oēs ſanitatis amatores arripiāt quęſo, exercitādi occaſionem · viribꝰ æquā, non quæ corpus nimia cōfitiat laſſitudine. Sciāt tn̄ exercitia ſubituri · mūdis tm̄ corporibꝰ, & tp̄e opportuno (vti paulo ān ꝑceſuimꝰ) exercitatiōi icūbēdū. quę, ſi de

Sꝑioris ſniæ dſ̄lutio,

Ocij icōmoda

Cōgrui exercitij deſcriptio, et laus,

Pura corpora nō facile peſtilenti veneno lędunt,

Hiſtoria Raſis ſolos venatores, in q̄dā peſtilētia ſupſtites remanſiſſe,

Ad exercitatōnē adhortatio,

Mūdis tm̄ corporibꝰ exercitium vtile

ſitiant cõditiões· ꝑiculoſiſſima eſt exercitatio· & ea de cã vacã dũ, atqꝫ corpꝰ purgatorijs medicaminibꝰ (ꝗ prauos excutiãt ſuccos) purificare opus eſt. Reddita corporis puritate, iam tota corporis moles, iam ſingula mẽbra, in offitio occupẽtur. Oculus vidẽdo, Dorſum ſtando, Pedes iambulãdo, Pulmo loquẽdo, & cãtãdo, Corpus totũ, curſu, ſaltu, pilę ludo, (quẽ oĩbꝰ alijs exercitijs Galenꝰ ꝓfert) accomodatiſſime vſitant̃ :- Sed iampridẽ cibo ſumpto, nulla corꝑis fatigatio, nulla mentis anxia agitatio, ꝯtẽplatioue tetrica, eſt admittẽda. Sed deambulandũ pauliſꝑ leuiuſcule, vt ingeſtus cibus in ſtomachi fundum ſubſideat, poſt, duabꝰ aut tribus horis ſedendũ, interim, fabulãdo, audiẽdo placitũ aliqd & oblectatione plænum, deliniendus eſt animus :-

Puræ hitudis homies ſinglã corporis membra, (peculiari eoꝝ offitio) ac qꝫ etiã totũ corpuſ, exercitare debent,

Repleto vẽtre cibo, quieſcẽdũ

DE SOMNO ET VIGILIA,

Sõnꝰ, & vigilia, (Si alterutrũ modũ ſuperet) malo eſt, Hippocrates,

Quod ſomno moderato fruamur, vigilijs nocturnis tꝑemꝰ, vita ſana reqrit. vtrũqꝫ em̃ (Hippocratis ſnĩa) a tẽperamẽto deſitiẽs, ad ęgritudinẽ ducit· id vero cũ primis in peſtilẽtia cauẽdũ· ꝓpterea qđ ſomnꝰ nimiꝰ, crudos, pituitoſos, frigidos, corpori ſuccos ſuggerat. Vigiliæ aũt deſiccẽt exhauriãt aduẽtitiũ calorẽ, & bilẽ ruffam, inſerãt:– Somnꝰ igit̃ immodicꝰ, ex cubięqꝫ nocturnę, corpꝰ ad peſtẽ excipiẽdã, ꝓpẽſũ faciũt. ea rõe his (vt cęteris oĩbꝰ) iuſtꝰ adhibeat̃ modꝰ. Noctu hora poſt cęnã initꝰ ſomnꝰ ſanitati ẽ. nox ſiqdẽ ſuapte natura ad requiẽ deflectit· et ſat tꝑis ꝑfectæ cõcoctĩoi ſuppetitat Reſurgẽdi tps cognoſcimꝰ· nr̃a ſpõte expꝑgiſcẽtes. nõ grauato capite, corꝑe ipigro, nihil accidi eructãtes, diurna ãt dormitio iſaniſſima ẽ, intrãquilla, & concoctioni inſuffitiẽs. iccirco ſemꝑ vitanda,

Immodici ſõni nocumẽta,

Corporis offẽſa ex vigilijs

Tẽpꝰ dormiẽdi cõueniẽtiſſimum,

Signa ꝑfecti ſomni,

ANIMI AFFECTIONES,

Sanitati aduerſus immaniſſimã hanc affectionẽ contuendæ, miram vtilitatem confert. hilaris tranqllaqꝫ vita· quam cantus ſuauitate, varijs facetijs, veſtium ornamẽtis, gemmarum varietate, iucũda, hiſtoriaꝝ, fabłaꝝ, lectõe, ſaluberrĩe ꝯciliamus,

Diurnus Somnus inſalubris.

Iucũdis animi affectibus ſtudendum,

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Animi affectiones, acerbiꝰ affligentes, explodendæ.

Cõtra vitæ detrahũt, peſtiqꝫ ſubijtiũt animi ꝑturbatiões, mœror, excãdeſcẽtia, cruciatus, curæ, metus mortis, & ſimiles, eã ob rem nõ funera nũerare, nihil de morte cõferre, om̃ia quæ mœſtitiã adducũt explodere, & in ꝗbuſlibet amœniſſimis ſtudijs abſqꝫ terrore lętabũdo anĩo ꝯſari, debemꝰ. hoc viuẽdi ſtudio, & ꝑnitioſiſſimũ hoc malũ deuincemꝰ, & floridã ętatẽ, corporis Robur, mentis vigorẽ, inuiolatã ſanitatẽ, obtinebimꝰ :–

Coitus,

His animi ꝑturbationibꝰ, Cõcubitus, nõ ab re, a Medicinę authoribus annectit̃. qui, modũ, vireſqꝫ ſuperãs, Cerebrũ, Neruos, Stomachum, Pręcordia, Oculos, debilitat, Spũs ſubtiles exhaurit, Corpus totũ deſiccat, Vim mẽtis hebetat, Atquę vitam (ſua ſponte fugacẽ & breuẽ) ſuccindit. potiſſimũ vero, peſtilẽti tẽporis curſu, peſtilẽs eſt, qđ viribꝰ exoluat. corpora aũt imbecillia, q̃ maxĩe peſti obnoxia eſſe, antea oſtendimus,

Quibus cõcubitus interdictꝰ

Quapropter, Melancholici, Cholerici, Senes, aut rariſſime, aut nunquã cõcũbãt. Valetudinarij autẽ. Fragiles, Exhauſti, Aetate defecti, hoĩes, (quibus etſi natura coeũdi vim deneget obſcœna tñ locutiõe, & anĩo, plęrũqꝫ delinquũt) omni tp̃e coitũ ꝑtimeſcãt. & puri, corpore tũ mẽte viuãt. Atqui cõcũbere

Quibus Veneris ludꝰ cõceſſꝰ

aſſuetis, iuuenibꝰ, lacertoſis, robuſtis, venas latas, (ſanguĩe refertas) habẽtibꝰ, Cõcubitꝰ rarus, viribus ęquus, nõ modo nihil obeſt, immo plurimũ ſecũdã valetudinẽ ꝓmouet, & in nõnullis ſubuenit morbis :– Nolim aũt chriſticolã, illicito & interdicto cõcubitu, (vti extra cõiugiũ teſte Ariſto, oĩs ẽ) mortali corpori cõſulere, & immortalẽ animã eo ꝑdere. Nam legitimo thoro addictis, hæc dũtaxat præcipimus :–

Ariſtoteles,

CAPVT DE MEDICINIS A peſte conſeruantibus.

Tametſi temperãs homo, ĩ hiſce rebus, quibus, neceſſitate vitę ĩeuitabiliter fruimur, ſobriã, modeſtãqꝫ vitã, (vti docuimꝰ) ducens, nõ facile peſtilẽs virus ꝑſentiat, ob corporis puritatẽ, quũ tñ maxima hoĩm pars, in turpem luxũ procliuis, accuratius in ꝓpriã ꝑnitiẽ, ſtudeat bellarijs, & vorandi cõcertatõne,

Maxĩa mortaliũ pars ĩ turpẽ luxũ ꝓcliuis,

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gulam, ad voracitatẽ, atq; ebrietatem, prouocare· quã cor-
poris cruditatẽ & ſoſpitatis noxiam, ſubterfugere· huc quoq;
attinet· vt de medicandi ratione agam, qua, corpis cruditas, &
vitioſorũ ſuccorum redundantia, q̃, vl' ex crapula, vel prauo
victu, innata eſt· ſuſtollatur. priuſq; morbus increſcat:- Pri-
mũq; per ſanguinis detractionẽ, & purgatoria medicamẽta,
ſuccurrere erudiam. eo quidẽ libentius, tum vt arbitror vti-
li⁹, qd' vulgariũ medellorꝝ (q̃rꝝ ars ex temeritate, & vnica
radicula pendet) exitioſos errores extirpẽ. ij, q̃; primũ lãgui-
dos, nõ adhuc ægros, aſpiciũt· ſanguinem nõ miſſum audiũt.
eueſtigio imperioſi, ad chirurgicũ pertrahunt· pręcipitanter,
non virib⁹ æſtimatis, nõ ætate, nõ cõſtitutione corporis cõſi-
derata· nec dum cauſa languoris cognita, crudeliſſime venam
lacerant· ſanguinẽ quoad ſpirit⁹ deficiat, pfundunt· cum maxi
mo vitæ diſpendio, nec rarenter languẽtis interitu:- Ego qui
dem ſanguinis miſſionẽ non prorſus interdico· verũ eã in va-
rijs affectuũ generibus, multũ cõferre fateor. his aũt tantum,
qui, hoc auxilij genus ferre valẽt· & repletione, aut affectiõe,
pręmũtur, quã ſanguinis extractio demere, vel remittere ſaltẽ
poteſt:- Pueris igitur tredecim annis minorib⁹, mulierculis
vterum gerentib⁹, & ætate defectis, etiã morbo pręhẽſis, qui,
ſanguinis dimiſſionẽ requirat· male vena incidit. Ineſt ẽm ta-
libus exigua vis· quę per detractionẽ ſanguinis, facile tota eri
pitur· Illis tñ Ipſis, (ſi ſanguine abundent) rectius auxilium
fertur· cucurbitis intra ſcapulas defixis, (cute prius ſcabello
ꝯſciſa) iſtuc cucurbiculæ impreſſæ, id adminiculi dãt· qd' cõis
venæ (quã alio noĩe medianã appellam⁹) diſſectõ Vel ſi volu-
m⁹ cucurbitis regal' venæ (quæ & baſilica græcæ, latiæ Iecora
ria dicitur) opem referre. in lumbos (paulo ſupra nates) co-
aptentur· cũ cutis conciſione. eo pacto, Imbecillibus tutius &
leuius ſubuenitur· q̃; venæ diſſecatione. in qua, cũ ſanguine vi
talis quoq; vis emanaret:- Frequẽtãt plęriq;, ſanguinis miſſi-
onem· etiã citra neceſſitatem· credentes eam proficuam fore.
Sed mehercle, non parũ multum vitæ detrahũt· preſertim ſi,
Cholerici, Phlegmatici, vel Melancolici, ſint· & ſane degant.

In temerarios medicos, omnibus in morbis venas lacerãtes

Quibus cucurbitarũ coaptatio tutior q̃; venæ diſſectio.

Quibus ſanguinis detractio nocua.

Sanguinē, qui, naturæ theſaurꝰ eſt· nūq̄ꝫ abſq̄ꝫ ingenti incō⸗
modo effundūt:- Quapropt̄ niſi abſceſſꝰ aliq̄s obortꝰ aut aliꝰ
morbꝰ, infeſtet: quē, ſubtractio ſanguinis diſcutit· venæ ſectō
ſemp cauēda· retinēduſq̄ꝫ ſāguinis & ſpūs. Atq vbi, corpꝰ ci⸗
bis ſanguinē augētibus alitū rubet· venæ explete turgēt· & vi
res vehemēti conatu, vigilijs. īmoderato cōcubitu, purgatōe⸗
ve ſolute nō ſunt· ſed robur corpis, ætaſq̄ꝫ ſubeſt· īterdū parca
ſāguinis extractio. verno tpe, vtilitati ē:- Mēiniſſe tñ oportꝫ

Ante venæ ſectionē moliēda alui ſubductio

nūq̄ꝫ feriendā venā ni alui onera deiecta ſint· ſin vero, expul⸗
trix aīę vis, nihil deijteret· ſuppoſitorio moliēda eſt vētris ſub
ductio:- Vbi autē vitioſus humor, nō venas, ſed reliq̄ corpis
cōceptacl'a tenet· aut cū ſanguine venas occupat· nō tñ edu⸗
cibilis eſt. p medicamēta primū eſt cōcoquēdus· cōcoctus pur

Medicinę ignarꝰ ꝓprio arbitrio medicamēta non hauriat,

gatorijs medicamētis eijtiēdus:- Nolo autē vt quiſq̄ꝫ medici⸗
næ expers, ſuo ingenio, medicinā (ad hoc pręſidiū) ſibi parert·
ſed ea a docto perito medico expetat, ne vel optīm ſuccū ex
trahat· relicto noxio. vel medicamīe virībꝰ impari, ſemetipm
aīa expoliet. qd', multis p eorū imprudentē medicaminū po
tatiōeꝫ, cōtigiſſe· exptī ſumꝰ:- Sed ad reliq̄ remedia (quę cō⸗

Medicinę a peſte cōſeruantes,

tra peſtilentē inſultū vtentes cōtueant) reuertemur:- Multas
hęrbas, radices, cōfectōes, ex ijs iūctis cōſtantes, (apd' longe
pręcellētiſſimos medicinę cōditores) hac virtute celebratas le

Pillularū peſtilentialiū vſus,

go:- Si ſtrupulꝰ vnꝰ, aut drachma, (maxim pondus pillularū
peſtilētialiū) hebdomadatī bis cū vncia vini aqua diluti ſorbe

Ruffus, Auicenna, Auenros,

aē· efficaciſſimo aduerſus peſtē eſt remedio. Ruffo Auicēna
& Auerroe teſtibꝰ. has maxīo laudis p̄conio Auerrois effert·
aſſerens nullū vnq̄ꝫ qui eas deglutiuerit peſtilēti veneno occu

Vulgaris pillularū peſtilētialiū deſcriptio,

buiſſe. hæ, vulgo ſecundū hāc cōficiuntur deſcriptiōeꝫ. ℞ alo
es partes duas vt ʒ i Mirrhe Croci aā partem vnā vt hic ʒ ſ
Fiāt pillulæ cū vino aromatico:- Eximia earū virtꝰ ſingulorū
aromatū (ex quibus cōflantur) facultates contēplanti· luce
meridiana clarius innoteſcit. Aloe nāq̄ꝫ, ſua natura corpus, a

Aloes eximia virtus,

ſuccis citæ corruptioni obnoxijs expurgat· putredini reſiſtit.
& quod maximū eſt ab omni (quę interimat) affectiōe cuſto

Mirrhæ pręcellens vis,

dit:- Mirrham, a putredinis iniuria, manifeſtiſſime defendere,

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oculis cernimus, Etenim cadauera longo tẽpore, ne putriant˙ ea reſeruamus:- Crocus autẽ, tametſi corpis ſtatũ nõ nouet˙ tamẽ quod humores incorruptos retinet, vim vitalẽ corro⸗borat˙ hilaritatem animiq; ſecuritatẽ inducit, ſummã ab Aui⸗cenna meret̃ laudẽ:- Atq; hic haud obtinendum eſt˙feruore graſſante, Aloen aqua endiuiæ aut acetoſæ, roſarũue, prolu⸗endã eſſe˙quo ignea ei⁹ vis extinguat̃:- Parit̃ Mirrha abluta ſecuri⁹adhibet̃:- Maſtice inſup idoneo pondere adiecta iuua mentũ pillularũ q̃ maxie auctat:—Sũme igit̃ Aloes rite lotæ, ʒ iij mirrhæ lotæ Croci maſticis Añ ʒ j fiant pillulæ cũ ſyrupo acetoſitatis Citri aut de limonib⁹aut Ribes:- Cęterum curare oportʒ˙vt aloe q̃ electiſſima, colore, odore, ſapore, põdere, & ſubſtantia, accipiat̃. mala alioqui, nõ leue nocumentũ gigne⸗ret. cuius, Meſue, (optimus medẽdi mgr̃) ſemper admonet. nobis quoq; prauitatis eius incõmodum, non modo lectione verumetiã euentu innotuit.

Croci laus,

Calido tẽpore ex Aloe atq; Mirrha lotis, et maſtice addita, pillulæ peſtilẽ⸗tiales cõficiẽdæ

Deſcriptio pil⸗lularũ peſtilẽtia⸗liũ, feruido tẽ⸗pore cõuenien tium,

Electiſſima A⸗loe accipiẽda, Meſue

Lutum armenũ correctũ, Scrupuli vnius, aut duorũ, põdere ſũmo, in vino albo, aqua roſata æqualiter perfuſo, epotũ, tam efficaciſſime auxiliari Auicẽna tradit˙vt nec peſtem admittat, & infectos ab ea vindicet:- Emẽdetur hoc modo˙ Conterat̃ lutũ ar: minutiſſime˙tritũ aqua vel ſcabioſę, vel acetoſę, aut vi no, mergatur˙ ſua ſponte iterũ ſiccetur, exiccatũ denuo tera⸗tur, in puluerẽ ſubtiliſſimũ˙ mergaturq; rurſus˙ita, merſione, contuſioneq; quater repetita˙ vſui reſeruetur:-

Lutũ armenũ præſentiſsimũ remedium

Correctio Luti Armeni,

Haud læuius pręſidium, terra ſigillata prębet˙ quũ ad modũ luti armeni correcta˙ etiam tanto pondere propinetur:-

Terra Sigillata

Bolus vnus hęrbæ viridis acetoſæ, (Folia ſere duodecim) in⸗dies ieiuno ſtomacho, deuoratus˙ valentiſſime peſtẽ abigit:-

Acetoſa,

Hærba deficiente, puluis ex vino pari cõmodo bibitur˙ Ve⸗runtamen vſus eius, cũ peſtilentialibus pillulis, alternatim ma gis proficit:-

Puluis acetoſæ

Drachma ſemis, aut integra, pulueris radicis Tormentillæ, in vino albo, vel aqua acetoſæ, exhibita˙contra hoc venenum, pręſentaneum eſt remedium.

Tormentillæ radix

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Scabioſæ vſus, ne hoc malum lædat· (apud medicinæ autho res) laudatiſſimus habetur. Nã ſucc⁹ eius potus, aut (eo non extante) aq̃ eius (elicita vi ignis) hauſta· ſalutem incõcuſſam acerrimᵉ defenſat:– Tum etiã peſte captum, duodecim horarum ſpacio, ſanitati reſtituere creditur:–

Balſamo, cordis regio, illinienda,

Neque ij periclitari putantur· qui, ſiniſtro latere, cordis regionẽ Balſamo optimo obliniũt. Nempe, cor a Balſamo tantũ firmanentum recipit·ne venenum quicꝗ obeſſe queat:–

Lotiũ Hirci,

Auerrois vrinam hirci odoratam, contra peſtẽ multũ valere affirmat· nec paruã ſecuritatem affert. Si quis in hirco ſeſe obuoluat·hęc volutatio (crede mihi) non inter infima ab authoribus cenſetur remedia,

Theriaca

Theriaca Strupuli, aut ad maximũ drachmę ſemis pondere, Hieme ex vino albo, odoro, Aeſtate vero, vel ex aqua acetoſæ, vel endiuiæ ſorpta·admiranda vi, contra peſtilentẽ infectionẽ cõmunit:–

Metridaticum Antidotũ nihil min⁹ ꝗ Theriaca auxiliatur, Vſus & Theriacæ & Metridati mixtim, Auerrois Auenſoar

Atꝗ etiam Metridaticũ antidotũ, tanto pondere, et ea ratiõe ſumptũ·par opitulamẽ reddit:– Vel ſi poti⁹ his duobus nobiliſſimis antidotis, mixtim vti libet·p̃miſceanẽ ſingula. Strupuli medij, aut (ad maximã doſim) drachmæ ſemis põdere & hauriãt vti iã explicauim⁹:– Verũ mẽiniſſe debem⁹·hæc antidota, mane, vacuo Stomacho, hauriẽda· abſtinendũꝗ a cibo, horis ſex· q̃ad oĩb⁹ i mẽbris perfecta ꝯcoctio abſoluatur. quod obſeruandũ, ſummopere Auerrois & Auẽſoar cohortãtur:– Neque omni tpe, omĩꝗ corporis habitudini, horũ oblatio ſalua eſt, Etem̃ Cholericis, ardenter febrientib⁹, & torrido ĩ æſtu, hęc, rar⁹ duntaxat vſus cõmendat:–

Puluis contra peſtilentem infectionem,

Valet etiã ꝗ maxime, hic puluis· aduerſus hoc immane exitij genus. qđ ſimpliciũ pręclaræ vires, monſtrant ℞ Boli armeni preparati ℥ j radicũ tormentillæ diptami ſandalorũ rub Añ ʒ j Raſuræ Eboris Spodij Corticũ Citri Anthore Añ ℥ ſ Margaritarũ ſplendidarũ ℈ ij fragmentorũ Rubini Saphiri Schmaragdi granati Iacincti Añ ℈ j fiat puluis nec incõuenit huic addere raſure vnicorni ℈ j

Puluis ali⁹, maioris ꝗ ſuperior auxilij.

Item puluis alius, ſuperiore multo efficatior:– ℞ Boli Armeni pręparati, vti ſupra docuim⁹ ℥ j Cinamõi electi ʒ ij radicis

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Tormentille, Diptami, Ennule Campane, Sandali rubri, Añ ʒ iiij Raſure eboris ʒ ij Spodij Anthore ʒ j fragmentorũ Schmaragdi Rubini granati Iacincti Karabe Añ ʒ ß oſſis de corde cerui vnicorni ſi haberi põt Añ ʒ j foliorũ auri & argẽti Añ nũero v Ambreg̃ iij fiat puluis:– Hu9, atq; ſupioris puluer] vſus ẽ drachmæ ſemis, aut duorũ ſcrupulorũ, põdere feruẽti tpis tractu, ex aq̃ Endiuiæ, Acetoſæ, ãt Roſata. Brumæ fluxu, ex vino albo odoro:– p delicatis nõ ab re zaccarũ duplo põdere admiſceẽt tunc maiori pondere vſurpenẽ. Proficiũt nihil min9 (abſq; liq̃re) in toſtũ panẽ ſparſi, & deuorati. Eos deniq;, in cõfectiões ſolidas, aut electuaria, cõuertere nõ minori vtilitate licet cũ zaccaro puriſſio ſyrupis etiã (in hoc periculo peculiariter valẽtes) adhibitis. Cuiuſmõi ſunt Syrupus de ribes, de acetoſitate Citri, de limonib9, malis granatis acetoſis, de cortitib9 citri,:– Sin electuariũ cõfici volueris Cõſerue albiſſio zaccaro cõditæ, vti roſarũ, violarũ, florũ Neunufaris, Acetoſæ Buglosſę, Boraginis, Corticũ Citri, Arãcij cõmode accedunt:–

Vſus vtriuſq; pulueris,

Ratio variandi pulueres, in cõfectiões ſolidas aut electuaria,

Syrupi hoc in caſu cõuenientiſsimi,

Item preter hos, alius eſt puluis cui facultatẽ maxiam, cõſeruandi bonã valetudinẽ, & liberãdi a peſte, medicinæ authores attribuũt:– ℞ terre ſigillate Boli armeni p̃paratorũ, diptami Tormentille Corallorũ Rubrorũ Gencianæ Añ partes eq̃les põtq; admixto zaccaro, gratius palato effici. exhibeatẽ mane, vacuo ſtomacho, drachmæ vni9, aut duorũ põdere. in aqua roſata, aut endiuię, cui pmixtũ ſit acetum:– Offeratẽ aũt ægro q̃citiſsie. q̃niã ſũmis in morbis, citiſſia medela, ſuccurrẽdũ eſt. Verũtamen, vt & in fortunatũ vulgus ſua adminicula, (noſtro ex opuſculo) habeat leuiſſimi pretij remedia, annectã. que ab authoribus nõ exiliori laude, q̃ queq; p̃cioſiſſima, extollũtur:– ℞ ficum lib. ß iuglandiũ ab interiore cortice mundatarũ q̃t j, foliorũ ruthe domeſtice ℥ ß ſalis cõmunis triti ʒ i ß conteranẽ optie in mortario & miſceanẽ addito modico ſyrupi de ſucco Acetoſæ aut Ribes fiat electuariũ, deuoreẽ añ egreſſuz in aurã, quantitas caſtaneam æquans:–

Puluis alius in peſtilẽti periculo laudatiſſim],

Vſus pulueris

Sũmis in morbis, accelerato remedio, ſubueniendum,

Exigui Pretij remedia,

Electuariũ efficatiſſimum,

Electuarij vſus

Iſaac ſecuritatẽ pmittit ijs, qui, ieiuni iuglandẽ vnã, & ficũ ſalis quinq; granis, cõdiant deuorẽtq;. nõnlli folia pauca ruthę efficaciter adhibẽt, Cæpe q̃q;, ex lacte cõmeſtũ aduerſus peſ-

Remediũ Iſac

tem̄, efficax eſſe, ex Tertia Primi Aui: elicit̄:- Cōſulto (bre-
uitatis gratia) infinita alia ſileo remedia · ſcꝫ. Ypericon, Radicē

Aliud efficax, Remedium

Ennulæ Cāpanæ, Diptamū, Ariſtologiā & longā & rotun
dā, Pipinellā, vincetoxicū & alia iſtiꝰ gn̄is, q̄bꝰ longe efficatiſ
ſia vis cōtra peſtilitatē (ab authoribꝰ mediciæ) attributa eſt:-
Cęterū eos, quos, aut neceſſitudinis amor, aut alia auxiliandi
pietas deuicit · Frequentare grauiter peſtilitate laborātes, atq̄ꝫ
miſtros ęgris aſſidue aſſiſtētes, iterū atꝫ iterū admōitos volo,

Adhortatio ad eos q̄, peſte captos frequētāt atq̄ꝫ ægrorum miniſtros,

vti (p̄uſq̄ꝫ ęgros accedāt) optīs q̄buſlibꝫ ātidotis, ſeſe ſuffulciāt ·
nares, manꝰ, roſata aq̄, aceto pfuſa · in qua granū muſci diſſo-
lutū ſit · deliniant. Poma, (añ hac deſcripta) odorēt · ore teneāt
nūc corticē citri conditā · nūc vero, illius cōfectionis grana. ℞
Aliptæ muſcate Boli armeni p̄parati Añ ℥ j corticū Citri ℈ j
maſticis ℥ j fiant cum muſtilagine draganti in aqua Bugloſſe
facta & parū aceti pile minute xij ℥ j :- Caueāt etiā diligentiſſi

Grana ore tenenda contra infectionem,

Anhelantibus ægris non inhiandum,

me, ne, anhelātibꝰ ægris, inhient · quod periculoſiſſimum eſt,
Reſtat vt peſte p̄henſis, medelas perſtringamus,

CVRA PESTILENTIS FEBRIS,

Accenſo peſtilenti ardore, p̄pter ſalutis incuriā · luxuriantē &
inobedientē (traditis pręceptis) vitā · aut aliū quęcūq̄ꝫ infœlicē
euentū · haud diu protrahenda auxiliandi officia, in acutiſſimo

Periculū i hoc morbo (vti ſummis in ęgritudinibꝰ omnibꝰ) ex auxiliorum p̄tractiōe

vehemētiſſimoq̄ꝫ hoc affectu · qui, vnoq̄q̄ꝫ momento, (ſupra
q̄ꝫ dici valeat) robur corporis deijcit · mentē conturbat · (& ni,
pręſentiſſimis remedijs natura celerrie adiuuet̄) breui tēpo-
ris interuallo, in ſuū vigorē aſſurgēs · vim medicamētorū cō-
tēnit · & miſerrie enecat:- Qua de cauſa, q̄ꝫ p̄mū mortalis hic
calor inuadit, mox ſubſidijs, quæ, ardorē mitigent · vitales vi-
res cōfirment · fomitē flāmæ auferant · ſuccurrendū:- Inter ea
p̄ſidia nō poſtremū, locū habet · idonea ſex rerū (q̄s non natu

Victꝰ bonam rationē nō exiguā opē, recuperādæ ſanitati afferre,

rales appellitamus) adminiſtratio, quā tñ, plęrūq̄ꝫ vulgus ho-
minū, (ad recuperandā ſanitatē inutilē exiſtimās) aſpernatur
medellorūq̄ꝫ turba, partim aſtutia, vt aſſentiēdo ignauę multi
tudini, laudē & opes aucupet̄ · parti inſcitia, quēadmodū Hip
pocratis Galeni: Auicen: monitis ægrū gubernet · nihil minꝰ
deſpicit, tanq̄ꝫ, numeroſa violētiſſimarū purgationū potatio,
ſanā dūtaxat vitā reducat:- Sed mehercle nunq̄ꝫ abſq̄ꝫ ingenti
ægrorū clade, cōgrua earū rerū adaptatio, prętermittit̄, q̄d vt

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ꝙ apertiſſıe ıdıcare poſſē, ita ꝙ libētiſſie facerē ni, ꝓlixitatē ſermōis (ꝑcipue a peſtilētiæ cura alienā) odioſam fore vererer:- At vt ego, medētis mūeri ſatiſfaciā pręceptorū ſeriē, ad eas res, (q̄s ineuitabili vſu ſp capeſſimꝰ) deflectā:- Aer habitaculi ægrotātis, (cuiꝰ feneſtrę in oriētē ſeptētrionēꝗ tēdāt) ad frigoris hūoriſꝗ mediocritatē declinet:- Purificet̄ indies arōaticarū aquarū fuſiōe, odoribꝰ, ſuffimētis rerū frigidarū redolenuū, Spūs et cor refocillātibus tū ventorū ab oriente & ſeptētrione ꝑ cubiculū tranſmiſſiōe. de quibꝰ capite ī quo purificationē aeris docuimꝰ abunde retulimus:- Inſtruant̄ (ſi fieri pōt) ægro cubicula duo aut tria, vt quū aer vniꝰ, peſtifero halitu, fœtore excremētorū, ingraueſcat ī alid̄ (q̄d aeris ſynceritate, odorū ſuauiſſimorū redolencia, amœnū et placitū ſit) æger deferat̄. Si mō ægri tralationē vires admittāt Sin autē, ipē admodū debilis exiſtat quē etiā ſola erectio multū fatigat. haudꝗ habitationis mutatiōe, ꝑturbādus eſt ſed placita in quiete, ſemp fouēdus, medicaminibꝰ, tū linteis recēs lotis, cooperimētis leuiuſculis, nō ſpiſſis quę, extorreāt ea, aqua roſata aceto ꝑmixta, tum tapeta, (quibꝰ parietes obtegunt̄) cōſperſa plurimū recreant:-

Qualis aer, p… ſte captis, ſalu… bris,

Purificatio ae… ris ægrorū,

Aegro duo t… aue cubicula p… randa,

Aeger admo… dum debilis n… nime a loco i… locū trāſferēd…

DE AEGRI VICTV,

Tameſi, tenuiſſimū victū, ī morbis acutis, medici imperēt. tamē in hac ardētiſſima, acutiſſimaꝗ flamma, acri inedia, ægrū excruciare, nullatenꝰ tutū ē. quippe, quē morbi vehemēcia, aſſidue exedit viribuſꝗ exoluit eſuritio penitꝰ cōficeret atꝗ aboleret:- Quā ob rem, æger, frequēter nutriēdus eſt cibis optimi ſucci, qui, vim reſtaurēt et ægrū cōſeruent. quod Auicenna ſenciēs, Statuit viriliter agētes, & comedētes, violent̄ abſolui, et ſupſtites obdurare:- Hāc Auicē: dictionē, Gentilis (ꝑſpicaciſſimꝰ interpres) enarrās, ſcribit hac in febre, ſpiritꝰ infectos eſſe et exhauriri vehemētiſſime cuiꝰ gracia, ꝟtutē cibi beneficio, ſemp reſtaurare neceſſum ſit:- Aeſtimāda aūt ea in re, virtus ægri eſt et cōſuetudo viuēdi, Vbi em̄ æger ſanus, frugaliter vixit et validis cōſtantibuſꝗ viribus, peſtis ſęuitiam perfert parcius. eū alere cōuenit, At vbi per totū diem crapulę deditꝰ fuit & vires iam fragiles & fere deficiētes, appareant vberius, atꝗ liberalius, victū ſuppeditare opꝰ eſt:- Talis aūt euchimꝰ (hoc eſt nutrimenti boni) ſit. concoctu facilis, Huiꝰ generis eſt Pulmentū, ex Ordei, aut Hauenæ farina. atꝗ etiā Triticum, ex amigdalino lacte aqua Ordei extracto coctū, Vberiꝰ tn̄ hæc pulmētaria nutriūt in iure pullaſtrorū, pullaſtrarūue, (nōdū coeuntiū) aut iuſculo Hædi,

Crebra cibi o… latiōe, fouēdu… æger,

Auicenna,

Gentilis,

In uictus adn… niſtratiōe æg… vires penſitād…

decocta:- Verũ, carniũ prodia, nũc cũ Endiuia, nũc Cucurbita, iã Portulaca, nõnũquã ſucco Limonis, Pomorꝝ acetoſorũ, interdũ vino berberis, Granatorꝝ, aliquãdo germine Vitis, Potiſſimũ vero aceto, contẽperare atq̃ cõcoquere, (uti vim infrigidãti contrahant) Lõge ſaluberrimũ eſt:- Neque incõuenit, Semina frigida, (Cucumeris, Cucurbitæ, Peponũ Melonũ, Citrulli) trita, in telã Lineam ſubtilem, (iuſto põdere) colligare·iuriq̃ ad concoctionẽ immergere:- Huiusmodi ꝓdijs, oĩa Febrientiũ Eſculẽta, vtiliſſime pręparant:- Proderit pullaſtros, eiſdẽ rebus (donec concidãt) cõcoquere·deinde cõtundere· & ſuccũ omnẽ extractum ægro offerre:- Nolumus aũt ægrũ, immoderato victu explẽdũ·ad ventris & ſtomachi latã ꝓtenſionẽ, quę vehemẽter grauet·ſed vna oblatiõe, paux illũ cibi aſſumẽdũ cenſem⁹:- In primis etiam dare operã oportet, qđ æger ventris onera deijciat· & oĩes alias excremẽtoſas ſuperfluitates excernat, Affert eĩ recuperãdę ſanitati ſyncera mundicies fructum longe vberrimum,

[margin:] ...ibi, febrienti ...eſtilenter, cõ... ...enientiſſimi,

[margin:] ...ptima Cibi ...ondimenta,

[margin:] ...atio paſcẽdi ...grum,

DE POTV,

Aqua ordei, potui eſt idonea, cõueniẽtior aũt, ſi auri puriſſimi lamina ignita, in ea extinxerim⁹, vel ducatos aliq̃t imergam⁹ cũ quib⁹ decoq̃tur, talis nõnũq̃ large hauſta vtilitatẽ magnam ſanitati affert, maxiẽ ſi æger choleric⁹, iuuenis, ſit, aut tẽpus feruidũ:- Nec inutilis ſuccus Arancij, berberis, limõis, admiſcetur:- dũmodo aũt vires q̃ maxiẽ decreſcãt· vinũ meraciſſimũ, aq̃ roſata dilutũ, recte ꝓpinabim⁹, idipm eĩ recreat & vires ꝓpagat:-

[margin:] ...qua ordei in ...ua aurũ puriſ...nũ ignitũ ex...nguit. febriẽ... peſtilẽter po... efficaciſſim⁹ ...uib⁹ medici ...is pot⁹ miſcẽ...us,

DE ANIMI, AFFECTIBVS,

Peſte laborãti, ſũma ſalutis ſpes, animi trãquillitas, hilaritaſq̃ ad ſanitatẽ opẽ ſuggerit magnificã:- Cõtra męror, luctus ingẽs, abolitiõis timor, atq̃ alius q̃libet affectus, mentẽ æq̃ acerbius exulcerãs·ad ꝑnitiẽ nõ parũ multũ ꝓmouet:- Quã ob rẽ, ægrot⁹ oĩmi ingenio, ab animi cõturbatiõibus eſt dehortãdus· ſolãduſq̃·vitę ꝓmiſſione, & ludrica q̃libet arte, ad ſolatiũ, læticiã, cõfidentiã, flectendus:- Porro hoc fieri haud velim·poſthabita, ſpretaq̃, delictorũ (aduerſus ſaluatorẽ nrm) penitẽtia·quã chriſtiãę religionꝭ aſſecla q̃libet, ad aĩę fœlicitatẽ adipiſcẽdã, neceſſario agit:- Sed q̃nto aĩę imortalꝭ vita corpis caduca incolumitate, nobilior cõperitur· tanto diligentius aſiſtẽtes inſtẽt·q̃ minus æger eã contẽnat·ſacramẽta oĩa deuotiſſiẽ ſuſcipiat· vniuerſa mũera, chriſtiani hoĩs benigniſſiẽ expleat· nõ exiliori ſpe ſanitatis acq̃rẽdę, ex ſacris fũctiõib⁹ q̃ p̃cioſiſſimi ãtidoti potiõe:-

[margin:] ...ægro tranq̃l... vita, nihil ſa...tarius, ...uctuoſa vita ...ihil exitioſius ...eligio nõ cõ...mnenda,

Quapropter temulenti & infœlices medici, glorioſi ſacrarꝫ cęrimoniarꝫ contēptores, ferendi nō ſūt, a religione ad nepharias voluptates pellicentes:- Tametſi et ego, ſupſtitiōꝫ quę fletū, puſillanimitatē, deſperationē, ægro ꝓuocat· amoliendā arbitrer· tn̄ religionis oīe munus (quod ad animę ſalutē ſpectat) minime obmittendū, ſed lubenti animo obeundū, & ſuadeo & contendo:-

Inuectio in irreligioſos medicos,

DE SOMNO ET VIGILIA,

Si ægrum ſopor vexet · periculum adeſt· potiſſimū venenoſo abſceſſu oborto: qn̄quidem ſomnus peſtiferū virꝰ introrſū colligit· quo fit, vt per eū vitalia ſubeat mēbra. ea de cauſa, æger a ꝓfunda dormitione excitandꝰ eſt. Vigilqꝫ tenēdus, collocutione, cantu, Ioco, facetijs, & oīni (qua poteſt) ſolertia:- Prima die, qua, ſanguis elicit̄· ad aurorā vſqꝫ, diu, noctuqꝫ, in ſomnis teneatur· Per aurorā vero, modica admittat̄ quies, vt ſpūs, & vires, ęgro recreſcāt. deinceps lucubratiōi tēperandū eſt· & moderatus cōcedendus ſomnus· ne inſomniū inuadat· qđ exhauriat, cōſitiatqꝫ, ægrū. malo tn̄ eum, vigilantiorē, ꝙ æquo ſomniculoſiorē, ꝑmanere,

Somnus veternoſus in ægro malo eſt,

Aeger poſt ſāguinis miſſionē ad auroram vſqꝫ a ſomno auocandus,

DE MEDICANDI RATIONE,

Ab Initio peſtilentis feruoris, hoc Auicennæ medicamentū, quod, ex capite peculiari de luto armeno, elicitur. ægrotāti confeſtim potandū offerat̄:- ℞ Aquæ roſatæ ℥ ij vini albi odoriferi ℥ j Boli armeni ſubtiliſſime triti ʒ j miſte pro potu Si æger hāc nō euomuerit potionē, magnā euaſiōis fidē facit· Sin retinere nequeat· ſuſpitionē ingerit· cor veneno penetratum. & grauiter lęſum:- Itaqꝫ excreto vomitiōe medicamento, os vino colluat̄. denuoqꝫ toties ꝓpinet̄· quoad, Stomachꝰ ipſū ꝯtineat Qđ ſi aluus aſtricta ē aut cliſteri, aut ſuppoſitorio, ſubducat̄:- Subinde morbo accidēte, vl' ſāguinis vitio, aut alterius hoſtilis humoris, qui ſanguini ꝑmixtꝰ eſt· & ꝑ ſāguinis ſubtractiōꝫ educi pōt. accōmodātiſſima eſt venæ inciſio:- Mediana ſoluatur· corpore toto languente:- Regia vero vena quę & baſilica & iecoria vocitatur ſi ab infernis corpis partibus, Saphena, cū a ſupernis membris, extrahendum Iudicamus·

Medicamē int̄ morbi initia, cō feſtim, ægro ꝓpinandum,:-

Signa a retentione atqꝫ vomitōe medicamis

Qn̄ ſanguinis extractio vtilis

Medianę venę inciſio quando ſalubris,

Baſilicæ ſectio quando ſalua,

Saphenæ aptō qn̄ commoda,

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opportune diſſecat:– Dimiſſionis mẽſura, nõ rectius, quã, ro
boris æſtimatiõe, cognoſcit. Nã validę, conſtanteſq; vires, in
iuuene ſanguĩe referto, largã ſãguinis miſſionẽ reqrit, vtputa
vncias q̃ttuor, aut ſex:– Mediocres, mlto partiorẽ poſtulãt,
vncias tm̃ duas, aut q̃tuor:– Exigua aũt vis, ſanguĩs effluxu,
tota euaneſcit nihil igitur paruis viribus demẽdũ eſt:– Et vt-
cũq; corpus cõſtet, animi defectio, ex ſanguĩs emanatiõe, nõ
ſecus q̃ mors caueat. Etẽm hac in pnitioſiſſima ęgritudine, ne
mo (ſane mẽtis) neſcit robori ſemp addẽdũ, haudq̃q; ſubtra-
hendũ eſſe:– Quod ſi mulier vterũ gerẽs, puer tredecim an-
nis minor, aut decrepitus viribus exolut⁹, peſte infeſtetur, cu-
curbitarũ (q̃s & ventoſas dicim⁹) poſitiõe, (vt capite de prę
ſeruatiuis medicinis dilucide erudiuim⁹) ſubueniẽdũ ẽ:– hæc
de ſubtractiõe ſanguĩs p̃cepta cõgruũt peſte abſq; abſceſſu af-
fligẽte. Verũ q̃lis miſſio ſanguĩs proſit, enato apoſtemate, vel
Carbũculis pminentib⁹, ſequẽs caput tractabit At ſi, ſanguĩs
integer manſit nec morbũ excitet & p̃ter ſanguinẽ alij nocen
tiſſimi humores, aut extra venas, aut in venis, cũ ſanguĩe flu-
entes, peſtilentẽ ĩcenſionẽ acceperint qui p venarũ vulnera,
educi nequeãt illico catarticis, (hoc eſt purgatorijs medicamẽ
tis,) noxios ſuccos, (etiam priuſquã concoxeris) excutiendi
ſunt. non autẽ ſummis, ſed multo ſatius (adaucto pondere)
mitioribus, & benedictis purgamẽtis hoc pficiendum eſt:–
Bilis (gręcæ cholera nuncupata) reubarbaro, Tamarindis,
Mirabulanis citrinis, & Mãna rectiſſime expurgatur. phleg-
ma hoc eſt pituita Agarico:– Atra bilis, (quę gręco vocabulo
melancholica vocitatur) Foliculis ſene, polipodio, & epithio
ſaluberrime eijtitur:– Aduſta autem morbi materia, reubar-
baro, Fumo terre, aqua caſei, ſuſtolli poteſt:– His atq; pmul
tis alijs, (huius generis) leuiuſculis purgamẽtis, corpus tutiſ
ſime perpurgatur, ne violẽtia purgamentorũ, ægro debilitas
accidat:– Cor autẽ epithematis, extrorſum tepide coaptatis,
atq; etiã cõfortatiuis, frequentẽ refocillandũ corroborandũq;
eſt. Si calor mitior percipiatẽ hoc epithema cõmodum erit. ℞
aquæ roſate lib. ʒ aquarum Bugloſſe violarum melliſſe Añ

Iuſta (dimiſſi ſanguĩs) mẽſura ex corpis robore, atq; cõſtitutione, cõijcienda

Sincopis, ſiue anĩ defectio ex ſanguĩs ſubtractione pertimeſcenda,

Quib⁹ cucurbitæ p ſanguĩs dimiſſione imponendæ

Quo auxilij genere ſuccurrendũ Si ſanguis incorrupt⁹ exiſtat, attñ, alij humores, per uenæ ſectionẽ nõ educibiles, febrẽ gignant,

Medicinæ cholerã educentes,

Quib⁹, atra bilis excutienda,

Quę aduſtam materiã educãt

Cor fomentis fouendum,

Epithema ſubmiſſo calore applicandum,

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℥ iij vini optimi ℥ ij ſandalorũ omniũ coralli vtriuſqꝫ roſarũ ru: Been albi & rubri Añ ℈ ij Spodij Corticũ Citri Añ ʒ ſ Croci ℈ j oſſis de corde cerui ℈ ſ fiat epithima:- Calore autẽ ardentiſſimo infeſtante fomentũ cor vberius refrigerans adhibeatur· quale hoc eſt ℞ aque roſate lib. ſ aquę violarum ℥ iij aquarꝫ Buglosſe Neunufaris Añ ℥ ij ꝓ aceti ℥ j vini optimi ℥ ſ Sandalorũ omniũ roſarũ rub: Spodij Coralli vtriuſqꝫ Añ ʒ j Corticũ Citri Cãphoræ Añ ℈ j Croci ℈ j Oſſis de corde cerui ℈ ſ fiat Epithema, collectũ panno rariſſimo cordis regioni imponatur:- fouendus quoqꝫ æger eſt odoribus gratiſſimis quos in capite de aeris contemperatione, indicauimus:-

Epithema ferueti calore imponendum,

Confortat itidem valde ſubſequens mixtura quantitate, quę, pondꝰ caſtaneę æquet crebre deuorata:- ℞ conſerue roſarũ Neunufaris Añ ʒ iij manꝰ Chriſti cũ perlis ℥ iiij Margaritarum ſplendidarũ ʒ j ſandalorum omniũ. Corallorũ rubrorum ſeminis acetoſe Corticũ Citri Añ ℈ j Oſſis de corde cerui ğ viij Spodij ℈ ſ foliorũ auri numero x fiat mixtura cum modico vini mali granati aut Syrupi de acetoſitate Citri & deauretur:-

Confortatiuũ, maiorẽ imodũ cor recreãs & vires reſtaurãs

Preterea Auicenna nec nõ Raſes Trochiſcos de Camphora crebre tribuendos ſtatuũt. At puluis eorũ eo ægrius ſummitur· quod guſtui haud gratus eſt· & ęgri appetitus hębes, quapropter ad vſum gratiorem condiatur hoc modo ℞ Trochiſcorum de Camphora ℥ ſ zaccari puriſſimi i aqua roſata diſſoluti lib. ſ fiat confectio hæc crebre ſumpta cor ſumma confortandi potentia refrigerat,

Auicenna Raſes Trochiſcos de Camphora probant,

Cõfectio Trochiſcorum de Camphora

Vtilitas eiuſdẽ

DE ANTRACE,

Prorumpente peſtifero abſceſſu, cuius, varias ſpecies Galenꝰ cōſignat. Auicennæ Antidotū, ī exordio proximi capitis deſcriptū infectus cōfeſtim hauriat :- Poſt, cū abilitas mittendi ſanguinem adeſt· quam, antecedentibꝰ in capitibꝰ manifeſtiſſime declarauimꝰ, vena abſqꝫ mora eſt vulnerāda :- Abceſſu poſt aures in cerebri emūctorio ſurgēte, cephalice cita ſolutio ī flexu barchij, lateris affecti medeť, tametſi ī extima manu īter pollicē indicēqꝫ æquo cōmodo feriatur. Si ſubtus gulam erūpat, miſſo prius ſanguine ex Cephalica· linguæ venas paulo poſt vtiliſſime ſecamꝰ. Si vero ſub ala cor moleſtū apoſtema ſuſtollat· vena cōmunis ſiue media in Intima cubiti parte, afflicti lateris aperiatur. Sin circa pubem, iecur tumorē protendat introrſum· ex Saphena in crure iuxta interiorē malleolū ſanguis eliciatur, aut ex ramo eiꝰ inter pollicē & indicē pedis. At ſi extrorſum abſceſſꝰ vergat· Sciatica vena iuxta exteriorē malleolum, vel inter minorē & attiguū pedis digitū, diſſecāda eſt. hoc ſubſidio, ī principio morbi, ſuccurrimꝰ ſalubriter, alioqui lōgo tp̄e ſanguinis detractō dilata, maius nocumētum. q̄ȝ iuuamē adduceret. & ſi vires aliaqꝫ oīa indicia cōcedant· copioſa effluxio cōcedenda eſt :- Sed diligēter cauēdū, ne a recta vena quę apoſtema reſpiciat (ſicuti iā certificauimꝰ) aberremꝰ, aliaqꝫ q̄ȝ cōpetat ſcindatur. conſtat em̄ plęroſqꝫ in eo ipſo lętalit̃ deliquiſſe :- Porro reluctantibꝰ viribus, ætate, & humoris indiſpoſitiōe, ſanguinis deductiōi. Sitias (hoc eſt ventoſas) defigemꝰ, ī collū. Si cerebrꝫ laboret, intra ſcapulas, corde afflicto, ſupra nates, vbi iecur infectum ſenſerimꝰ. Dimiſſo ſanguine, hauſtus hic calide potui detur ℞ aquarū roſaceę acetoſae vini albi ſubtil' Ante ℥ I Tiriace veteris adulto ʒ I puero ʒ ſ Margaritarū ſplendidarum ℈ ſ Diptami g̃ v Camphoræ g̃ iij fiat hauſtꝰ :- Poſtq̄ȝ eū æger hauſerit bn̄ coopertꝰ ſudet.

Antidotū exoriēte peſtifero abſceſſu illico ꝓpinandū.

Qn̄ Cephalica incidenda

Quādo Venarū liguæ aptō vtilis,

Medianæ diſectio qn̄ ſalutaris,

Saphena qn̄do Soluenda,

¶ Sciatica quarōe vulnerāda

Periculum in aberratione a recta Vena,

¶ Quibꝰ Sitię applicandæ & qua ratione,

DE CATAPLASMATIS.

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Edoctis medicinis quę cordi(introrſum extrorſumqꝫ adhibi-
tæ)medeт̄. Supeſt vt de cataplaſmatis pręcipiamꝰ·quę, extrin
ſecꝰ abſceſſui impoſita· ſanāt:- In veneficis his apoſtematibꝰ,
abſtinēdū ſumma cura, ab emplaſtris· quę repellendi vim ha
bent. alias principale membrū, veneno foriſecus acto·rurſus
obrueretur· necareturque:- Quaꝓpter conari oportet·vti
virꝰ ab īternis, ī extimas, eliciat̄ partes. quo mēbra p̄cipua ex
onerentur· omī noxia veneni. quod, hoc attractiuo maxime
agemꝰ, perimemuſqꝫ veneni malitiā Accipe cępe duo, ea in
capitibus ecauato· ad auellanę amplitudinē. Theriaca veteri
electiſſima impleto. & obturato. exciſis capitibꝰ. ne, Theriaca
effluat. in cincre aſſato. aſſa contundito· & impōe abſceſſui:-
Senties eximiam iſtius cataplaſmatis opem· ſi antehac ſanguis
eductus ſit:- Nā vbi Auicenna rabidi canis morſum ſanare
docet teſtat̄, Cępe impoſitū, & extrahere immiſſū venenū &
ipm extinguere:- Adhoc Theriaca enixe omne venenū de-
let (medicorū omnium decreto) Verum, haud me clam eſt·
permultos eſſe, qui hoc emplaſtrū exitiale iudicēt, aſſerētes,
Theriacā venenū abigere. Si igit̄ abſceſſus extrinſecus ea ob-
liniatur. venenū hoc, quod ab interna vi, in extimā corporis
partē propulſū eſt·ꝑ Theriacā rurſus ītrorſū agi· & principē
aliquā partem ſubire. perimereqꝫ. Porro iſti rem male conſi-
derantes, falluntur non mediocriter. Eſto eīm quod Theriaca
vim habeat, fugandi venenū extrorſum· Si ipſa intus ſumpta
a naturali calore adiuuetur. At ipſa extrinſecus inuncta· & in
ternæ virtutis iuuamine nō ſubnixa·venenū aduerſus naturā,
introrſum propulſare neutiquā poteſt:- Eſto etiam, quod
venenum ſubigat· nihil oberit. etenim ipſum non prius ſup-
primit· ꝙ nocentē eius vim frāgat· & penitus cōſūmat. Quip
pe Theriaca, magis (ab illuſtriſſimis medicis) cōnumeratur
medicinis, quę, extinguūt venenū· ꝙ his quę alliciunt· aut fu-
gant:- Hęc Auicenna cognoſcens, morſum muſtellæ & ra-
bidi canis, Theriaca oblinire iubet:- Qď ſi ſupprimeret ve-
nenum, non dubiū, quin Auicenna ab ea dehortatus fuiſſet:-
Quapropter ſaluberrimū hoc emplaſtrū iudico:- Succus cū
Theriaca ex cępe (ea ratione aſſo) elicitus, & ex vino albo

Abſtinendū a
Cataplaſmatis
introrſū vene-
nū agentibus,

Cataplaſma tu
tiſſimū, uenenū
eliciens atqꝫ pe
rimens,

Auicenna,
Cępe virtus
Theriace vis,
contra venenū
Opinio,

Opinionis re-
futatio,

Theriaca ad-
uerſus naturā
venenū intror
ſum non agit,

Auicenna,
Vſus ſucci eiuſ
dem medicinæ

ſorptus, idem adminiculum prȩſtat:- miſſo tamen antea ſang
uine:- Eius ingentē virtutem, crebra experientia cōpertā ha
bet Reuerēdꝰ & āpliſſimꝰ in chriſto pater, & dn̄s, dn̄s Hie-
ronimus, epiſcopꝰ Brandeburgenſis, vir cōſultiſſimus facun
diſſimuſqꝫ qui, multos hoc prȩſidio viuos (vti mihi corā re-
tulit) ſeruauit:- Nec mediocrē laudem Anthonius Quarinus
medicꝰ peritiſſimꝰ, huic medicamini (capite de Bubone) aſcri
bit. hoc vnū adijciens, parū aceti cōmiſcendū eſſe penetrādi
& cōtemperandi cauſa ſucci cæpe, & Theriacȩ, calorem:-
Aliud attractiuū tutiſſimum ℞ diaquilon ℥ ij Armoniaci
Galbani Añ ℥ j ſ incorporentur & fiat Emplaſtrū eo tepide
vt reliquis vtere:-

Extāt Authores, qui poſt ſanguis miſſionē, & antidotorū po
tionē, yrudines ſiue ſāguiſugas apoſtēati adhibēdas exiſtimēt.
Aliqui ſicias (inciſa cum ſcabello cuti) imprimere imperātt-
Multi viuū gallinaceū, deplumato ano, & Conſtricto roſtro.
in abſceſſum cōprimendū ſuadent. vnoqꝫ mortuo, alium toti-
es apponendum, quoad vnus viuus hoc perferat. hæc certe
omnia eximie venenū emungunt. extractum aūt venenum
manifeſtat mitigata afflictio, ægrique cōualeſcentia:- At pro
ſuppuratione, (Si res exigat) apoſtematis, Confice emplaſ-
trum ex farina frumenti, & oleo. hæc in aqua ad ſpiſſitudinē
concoque, & abſceſſui impone:- Quod ſi, ſanies appareat &
ſuapte natura non erumpat aut abſceſſum ferro incide aut iā
edocto Cataplaſmate (cui aliquid ſalis admiſcebis) eum, do-
nec rumpatur exede: hæc autē ꝙprimū in aliqua particula,
pus ſe oſtenderit exercenda ſunt. & nullatenus magna ſuppu
ratio exedens ampliter, expectanda:- ex ea enim, ingens no-
cumentū eſt. Aperto vlcere, Saniem omnē expurgato diligē
ter, Cataplaſmate ex Sarcocolla & melle, æquo pōdere mix-
tis crebre impoſito. deinceps, peſtiferū vlcus ſicut reliqua pu-
trentia vlcera cōſolidandū erit Quod ſi, cicatrices latæ, & de-
formes, relinquerentur eas Oleo vitellorū ouiū, Balſamo, vel
etiā, humiditate ex pedibꝰ ouium aſſis effluxa, crebre illinito
hæc oīa veſtigia vlceris delēt. & ſimilē cuti colorē reddunt:-

Reuerēdi & āpliſſi. dn̄i Hieroni Præſulis Brandeburgēſis experientia, magna, eodem medicamine.

Anthoniꝰ Quarinus oculatiſſimus practius Emplaſtrū aliud venenū extrahens,

Varia adminicula venenū educentia,

Sanguiſugæ,

Siciæ ſiue venroſȩ.

Gallus glabro ano abſceſſui adhibendus,

Signa extracti veneni,

Emplaſtrū ſuppuratione apoſtematis peſtiferi inducens,

Cataplaſma ſaniē euacuās & vlcus purgans

Cicatrices obliterantia,

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Non me fugit, per peſtilentē febrem, multa vehementiſſima, periculoſiſſimaq́ mala accidere, frequēter em̄, animi defectio, intollerabilis ſitis, alimoniæ abominatio, aſtricta aluus, veternoſus Somnus, vigiliæ, vermes ventris, acerbiſſime ægrū torquēt:- Itaq́ Quales in his affectibus, ferēdæ ſint ſuppetiæ· nequaq́; tacendū putaui, etenim hæc ſæuiſſima accidentia, ęgros non raro necant:-

DE SINCOPA SIVE ANIMI DEFECTV,

Efficatiora auxilia ad excitādū a ſyncopa,

Si animo deficiat ægrotus· illico manus, brachia, pedes, vehemēter fricato· nares, aures, diſtrahito· Strepitu & vario ſonorū fragore, atq́ crebra (ꝓprij nominis) appellatiōe, eum excitato:- Hæc oīa, ſi animū non reducant· extrema corpis mēbra (brachia, pedes) vinculis cōſtringito· pennā acerrimo aceto intinctam in nares indito· vt ſternutet, quęq́ maxime dolet in eo exerceto· ſimulq́ faciem, aqua roſata, in quā vel puluis gariofilorū vel Camphoræ merſus, vel parū muſci diſſolutū eſt· faciem aſpergito· nares, manus, arterias, eadem perfricato· Epithemata ſiue fomenta (quæ paulo ante deſcripſimus) cordi imponito· Cubiculi aerem odoribus ſpiritū recreantibꝰ alterato· pauimentū odoriferis floribus hærbis cōſpergens, Roſa Viola, Neunufare, pōpinis, ſalicis folijs. Poma odora, pręſertim Citri circumponito. Aquas odoras, Roſatam, Boraginis fundito· lectulū ijs aſpergito:- Pręterea huiuſmodi pilā odorandā, anio deficienti adhibeto ℞ Roſarū rub: foliorū Citri ſandalorum ozimi gariofilati Macis Añ ℈ j laudani maſticis Añ ʒ i ß Ambre Camphore Añ g̈ j Muſci optimi g̈ ſ incorporētur in mortario cū piſtello calido, & fiat pomū & ſi opus eſt· addatur admodū modicū cære, deinceps ægrum debilē, cōfectionibus, mixturis (quas in antecedētibus capitibꝰ reperies) cibiſq́ delectiſſimis (mica panis optimo vino immerſa, Aqua Caponis) corroborato:- Hæc contra animæ defectū, vulgo, nec cauſas defectiōis animi, nec remedia cętera intelligenti· ſufficiunt. Nam vt examuſſim de Sincopa ſcriberem, hoc breuiſculum opellum non ſufficeret:-

Pila odora cōtra animę defectū

Cibis optimi ſucci refocillādus animo deficiens,

DE CIBI ABOMINATIONE,

Si Ventriculus faſtidio afficiatur· & cibum æger reſpuat per-

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Emplaſtrum, Stomacho adhibendum.

mittendũ eſt, vt acidis, & quibuſlibet gratis edulijs, parce fruatur, ne uires decreſcant. Stomacho etiam Emplaſtrũ hoc imponatur horis duabus ante cõmeſtionẽ. ℞ Cõſerue Citoniorum ℥ ij Maſticis Spice Roſarũ rub: Añ ʒ j conterantur exacta tritione & fiat emplaſtrũ:–

Remediũ cõtra ſingultum

At ſingultu ſimul uexante, panis calidus, lintheo obuolutus ventriculo adhibeaẽ, hoc certe efficaciſſimũ in ſingultu remedium eſt:–

EXTORRENTIS SITIS REMEDIA,

Que vitãda in clamoſa ſiti,

Vrgente vehementi Siti, peſte captum Aer Cubiculi nõ calidus nõ ſiccus ſit ſed ad frigidam qualitatẽ alteretur. ignis fumuſq; procul abſit Aeger non per os, ſed nares tantũ aerem attrahat nõ hianti ore dormiat non ſupinus, nõ in lecto plumis calefacientibus molleſcẽte cubet non ceruicẽ, caput, in calidũ puluinar, deponat non deniq; calidis, denſis, cooperimẽtis ſtrangületur:–

Auicenna,

Caput eius oleis frigidis (Si nihil obſtet) vt Auicẽna docet inungatur:–

Potus,

Aqua Ordeacea, aceto & citoniorũ muſtilagine, aut Syrupo violaceo, Neunufario, Iulep Violaceo, permixta potui detur:–

Pillulæ ad eluendam ſitim,

Frequenterq; febriẽs vnã ſequẽtiũ pillularum ore voluat & ſolutam transgluciat ℞ Muſcilaginis ſeminis Pſilij ʒ j Dyadragaganti frigidi, zaccari Candi Añ ℥ ß Succi Liquiricie ℈ ß Penidiarũ Amigdalorũ Draganti gumi arabici Añ ℈ j Aquæ roſarum q. ſ. Camphore grana viij Fiant pillulæ ad modũ lupini:–

Tamaridi pruna, Zaccarũ candi Roſaceũ, violaceum, Limones Criſtallus,

Preterea Os ſæpe colluat aqua frigidiſſima aceto cõfuſa:– Conducet quoq; non mediocriter, Si fructus acetoſos, (vti Tamarindos Pruna) aliquãdiu aqua merſos, ore teneat & volutet:– Eodem vſu zaccarũ Candi, Violaceum, Roſaceum, Pillulæ Bichiæ, ſitim extinguũt. Limones etiam ieiune cõmeſti, & Criſtallus ore tenta, magnifice Sitim eluunt:–

ASSTRICTAE ALVI REMEDIA,

Manna, Caſſiafiſtula, Enema,

Si Alui aſtrictio Aegrum cruciat proderit, vt interdum duabus vncijs Mãnæ. Aliquando vncia vna, Caſſiæ fiſtulæ, eam & molliat & ſoluat:– Nonnũq; glande (quã vulgo Suppoſitorium dicunt) ſtercora eijciat:– Nonnunq; hoc & ſimili Cliſteri ventrem ſubducat ℞ Malue Blitis matris violarum Añ M ij Ordei ℥ ij decoquantur decoctiõis expreſſe colateq; ℞ ℥ xij aut plures aut pauciores ſecũdum molẽ corporis pa

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tient] In quibꝰ diſſolue Caſſie fiſtule ʒ x puluer] zaccari rubri
℥ j Olei violacei ℥ iij Salis panis triti ʒ j fiat Enema:-.

DE SOPORE SIVE VETERNOSO SOMNO,

Aegros nõnullos iuſto profundior Somnus moleſtat, ijs nõ
rectius ſuccurritur· ꝙ deriuatiõe humoris cerebrum irrigan-
tis, in imas corporis partes:- Itaqꝫ Brachia, Crura, fricanda
alligandaqꝫ ſt], nexu multiplici· Glandes acutæ ſupponendæ,
Enemata acria inijcienda, Sternutationes mouendæ, Affert
etiam nõ exiguã frugem, in hoc periculo· acetũ acerrimũ cui
piperis aliquid admixtũ eſt, odoratum:- Hæc quũ a Sopo
re nõ excitant· menti pilos, & pubem vellere oportet:-

Glandes, ſiue ſuppoſitoria, Acetum acre odorandum,

DE IMMODICIS VIGILIIS,

Econtrario, aliquos vigiliæ excruciant, ij, puluerem hunc Sõ
niferum odorẽt, ℞ violarum florũ Neunufaris Corticis Mã
dragore Añ ʒ j ſeminis Aneti Croci ℈ j Fiat puluis & po-
natur in Sindone Aut hoc vngento ſubtus nares/in manibus
atqꝫ circũ tempora illiniantur ℞ Olei Mandragore Neunufa
rini Camomillini Añ ʒ ij Olei violarũ roſarum Añ ℥ ß vn-
genti populionis ʒ v Opij grana duo fiat linimẽtũ hæc omnia
Somnifera Si inania ſunt, Medicaminibus maioris efficatiæ &
ſtupefactiuis indigebunt:- At ex ſtupefactiuis magnũ aboli-
tiõis diſcrimẽ imminet· iccirco cautiſſime exhibenda ſũt, &
nõ niſi nulla alia fides auxiliandi ſuperſit (Authore Meſue):-
Tale ſoporiferum genus, cõſulte taceo, quod nimis audacter
pleriqꝫ idipm experiuntur:- Et ne lethalis error contingat,
ab eruditis Medicis/id auxilij genus deſiderandũ relinquo:-

Puluis ſõniferꝰ

Linimentum Somniferum,

Meſue,

DE VERMIBVS VENTRIS, QVI
Peſtilenti tempore frequenter increſcunt

Animalia ventris, Si infeſtant· drachma vna Reubarbari, in
Endiuiæ aut Ordei Aqua, mane, horis quinqꝫ ante cibum ꝓ
pinetur:- Eadem quoqꝫ, pillulæ peſtilẽtiales expellunt, Verũ
pueris, qui hæc medicamina abhorrẽt· & tranſglutire neque-
unt· offeratur Cornu Cerui vſtũ, i pulucrem exacte tritum,
ex aqua zaccari:- Inijciatur Cliſteri, Lac tepidum zaccaro
mixtum ſine ſale:- Subdant̃ Glandes, ex penidiarũ zaccaro
confectæ:- Extrinſecus vero, Felle Thauri, aut alterius ani-
malis Vel Oleo, Succoue, abſynthij, vmbilicus illiniatur:-

Reubarbarũ, Pillulæ peſtilẽtiales cõtra vermes efficaces, Cornu Cerui vſtum, Fel Thauri, Oleũ ſuccus abſynthij,

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RECOGNITA EX OFFICINA,

Charta ij. Superficie. ij Verſu eſtis. addijcere lege adijcere.
Charta eadem, Superſi. te rogo. ſuggillatiōibus ſcri. ſugilla.
Char. iij Superſi : i Ver. immittere. Sæuiuius legen. Sæuius
Char. eadem Superſi. ij Ver. tingat inprimis ſcrib. imprimis
Char. eadem Superſi. e. Ver. vltimo, etnata lege enata.
Char. v. in margine affugiūt lege aufugiunt.
Char. vi. Superſi. i Ver. ruptos, deguere lege degere.
Char. vij Superſi. ij. Ver. pite:– ſuffumigia lege ſuffimenta &
Ver. lia muſcata. ſuffumigio lege ſuffimēto.
Char. eadem Superſi. ij Ver. cis añ. Terebētine lege Terbē.
Char. viij. Superſi. i Ver. penult. colericus lege Cholericus.
Char. ea. Suparſi. ij Ver. mo ſūptu. noctura lege nocturna
Char. xi. Superſi. i. Ver. gro nihil. accidi lege acidi.
Char. xij. Superſi. ij Ver. ſemper. ſanguinis lege ſanguis.
Char. xiij Superſi. i Ver. cenna. obtinēdū lege obticendum
Char. eadē Superſi. ij Ver. firmanentum lege firmamentum
Char. eadē Superſi. ij Verſu his. p̄miſcendū lege permiſcen.
Char. xiiij Superſi. i Ver. nuſaris. Cicri lege Citri & Ver. ve
runtamen. in fortunatum lege infortunatum.
Char. xv Superſi. i Ver. quem. haudꝙ legendū haudq̄ꝙ.
Char. ead. Superſi. ij Ver. ludrica legendū ludicra & Ver.
caduca. aſiſtentes legendum aſſiſtentes.
Char. xvi Superſi. i Ver. Si æger. euomuerit leg. nō euōuerit
Char. xvi Superſi. i Ver. iiij. a fine, Medina lege Mediana.
Char. xviij Superſi. ij Ver. in flexu barchij lege brachij.
Nec neſcij ſumus nos in Receptis, vocibus (ſicuti maſtice vel
maſtix maſticis, quæ flagellū græce notat. pro gūi diſtillante
ex arbore, quod maſtiche, es, flectitur. & diptamū pro dicta
mū, multiſꝙ alijs) abuſos eſſe. Ne (Si ꝓprietatē ſermōis priſ
ci ſeq̄remur) Pharmacopolæ, & medicinarū Coci, aut Re=
ceptas reijcerent. aut longe alia (ꝙ voces explicarent) aroma
ta, attribuerent. quod nobis nō minus dolendū, ꝙ vtentibus
exitioſum foret:– Reliqua leuiuſcula peccata, eo minus cura
mus quod vel mediocri ingenio prędius, ea & recte legere
& corrigere valeat. quod & deſideramus et ferimus (modo
canina inuidia abſit) ꝙ libentiſſimie:–

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Finiunt longe ſaluberrima aduerſus peſtilẽtiam pręcepta.
Egregij celeberrimiq; viri, Henrici Stromers de Aur-
bach, artiũ bonarum & medicinę doctoris, sereniſ-
ſimorũ principũ, & dominorũ, domini Alberti
primatis & archipręſulis Maguntinenſis &c
Et domini Ioachim Marchionũ fratrum
romani imperij electorũ &c medici:-
Impreſſore Valentino Schuman,
Anno a Chriſtiana ſalute,
M, D, XVI,
Pridie idus
Aprilis.

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HENRICI STROMERS AVRBA/ chij, medicinę Doctoris, ſaluberrimę aduerſus peſtilẽtiam obſeruatio= nes, recens editæ :–

Aequ
Aequ

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