

Regulæ decem generales

*De*

CONTRACTIONIBUS

tum nominum, tum  
verborum,

*cum notis*

cujusdam Philomusi



BRUNSVIGÆ,

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Typis CHRISTOF-FRIDERICI ZILLIGERIANIS.

*Anno Symbolico:*

aVertit Conditor à nobis MaLa.

1658

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*Regula I.*

INTER duas longas regulariter nulla fit contractio, ut inter η & ω.

II.

PRÆCEDENTE longâ, & sequente brevi, nulla fit contractio, nisi quod interdum irregulariter brevis post longam soleat quasi absorberi.

III.

BREVI vel ancipiti præcedente, & sequente longa, contractio fit in ipsam longam sequentem, ut: αω, εω contrahuntur in ω, εοι in οϊ, εειν in ειν, εη in η.

IV.

ANCEPS contrahitur in semetipsam, ut duplex αα in simplex α, duplex ιι in simplex ι. Item brevis post ancipitem in ancipitem, ut: αε in α, ια in ι, ιε in ι, υε & υα in υ.

(0) 3

Diph.

## V.

Diphthongus divulsa contrahitur in semetipsam: Hoc est, rursus in diphthongum, quam istæ vocales conjunctæ constituunt, ut: *ei* divulsum in *ei*, *oi* divulsum in *oi*.

## VI.

Geminatum *εε* & *εα* pura, id est, non sequente consonante, contrahuntur in *η*: impura verò, id est, sequente consonante, contrahuntur in *ει*.

Verba hæc nonnullam exceptionem patiuntur, ubi duplex *εε* purum non in *η*; sed in *ει* contrahitur, ut: *ποιεε*, *ποιει*.

## VII.

Duplex *οο*, *οε*, *εο* & *οα* cum *σ*, contrahuntur in *ϛ*; sed *οα* absq; *σ* contrahitur in *ω*.

## IIX.

*Αο* semper contrahitur in *ω*, & si  
fue-

fuerit adscriptum  $\iota$ , tunc illud in contractione subscribitur: si verò  $\upsilon$  adfuerit, omninò abjicitur.

IX.

$\text{A}\epsilon$ ,  $\alpha\epsilon\iota$ , &  $\alpha\eta$  contrahuntur in  $\alpha$ : jota si adfuerit, subscribitur.

X.

$\text{O}\epsilon\iota$ ,  $\text{o}\eta$  contrahuntur in  $\text{o}\tilde{\iota}$ :  $\text{o}\eta$  extra diphthongum impropriam contrahitur in  $\omega$ . Excipitur hic infinitivus:  $\text{X}\rho\upsilon\sigma\acute{\omicron}\epsilon\iota\nu$ ,  $\text{X}\rho\upsilon\sigma\tilde{\epsilon}\nu$ .

*Nota.*

**H**AS regulas **CL**arissimus **V**Veitzius,  $\acute{\omicron}\ \nu\upsilon\nu\ \tilde{\epsilon}\nu\ \acute{\alpha}\gamma\iota\omicron\iota\varsigma$ , fidei suæ commisis, quod erat optimi Viri juvandæ juventutis studium, communicavit.

**G**enerales dicuntur: in lingvâ communi puta. Alia enim ratio est craseos Atticæ.

*Ad reg. 3.*

**O**bstare videtur  $\alpha\epsilon\iota$  &  $\text{o}\epsilon\iota$ , quorum  
illa

illa in  $\alpha$ , hæc verò in  $\omicron$  contrahuntur. Sed responsio est facilis. Verat enim hæc regula, nisi regula specialior aliud svadeat. Iam verò de  $\alpha\epsilon$  &  $\omicron\epsilon$  infrà speciales regulæ traduntur. De similibus idem iudicium esto.

*Ad 4.*

**I**N  $\iota\alpha$  &  $\upsilon\alpha$  v. g.  $\acute{\omicron}\phi\iota\alpha\varsigma$  &  $\acute{\iota}\chi\theta\upsilon\alpha\varsigma$ ,  $\tau\omicron$   $\alpha$  habetur breve. Est enim accusativus pluralis quintæ declinationis:  $\alpha\varsigma$  autem quintæ simplicium, & quæ ad normã quintæ formantur, corripitur.

*Ad 5.*

**H**VC pertinet & dativus  $\acute{\kappa}\epsilon\rho\alpha\acute{\iota}$ ,  $\acute{\kappa}\epsilon\rho\alpha$ , nisi quod diphthongus propria in impropriam mutatur. Id quod fortè inde fit, quia nullus dativus in  $\alpha$  diphthongum propriam terminatur.

*Ad 6.*

OBjicitur ἐρμέας contractè ἐρμῆς,  
 ubi εα impura in ἦ: & ἐρμέας  
 contractè ἐρμᾶς, ubi εα impura in  
 ᾶ contrahuntur. Resp. Quod pri-  
 mum attinet, sciendum τὸ ἐρμῆς  
 non immediatè, sed mediante ἐρ-  
 μένης, ex ἐρμέας contrahi. Πρωτότυ-  
 πον enim, hoc est, primitivum est  
 ἐρμέας: inde α mutato in η Ἰωνι-  
 κῶς, fit ἐρμένης: ἐρμένης autem in ἐρμῆς  
 contrahitur juxta regulam tertiā.

Ad secundum dico: Εα impura  
 contrahi quidem in ει, nisi ultima  
 sit longa: jam verò ἐρμέας ulti-  
 mam habet longam. ας enim pri-  
 mæ & secundæ declinationis sim-  
 plicium longum est. Vnde & hoc  
 exemplum ad regulam tertiam  
 pertinet. Urbano Bellunensi ἐρμᾶς  
 est ex ἐρμῆς, η in α mutato δωρικῶς.  
 sed nec tum regulis nostris quic-  
 quam officit.

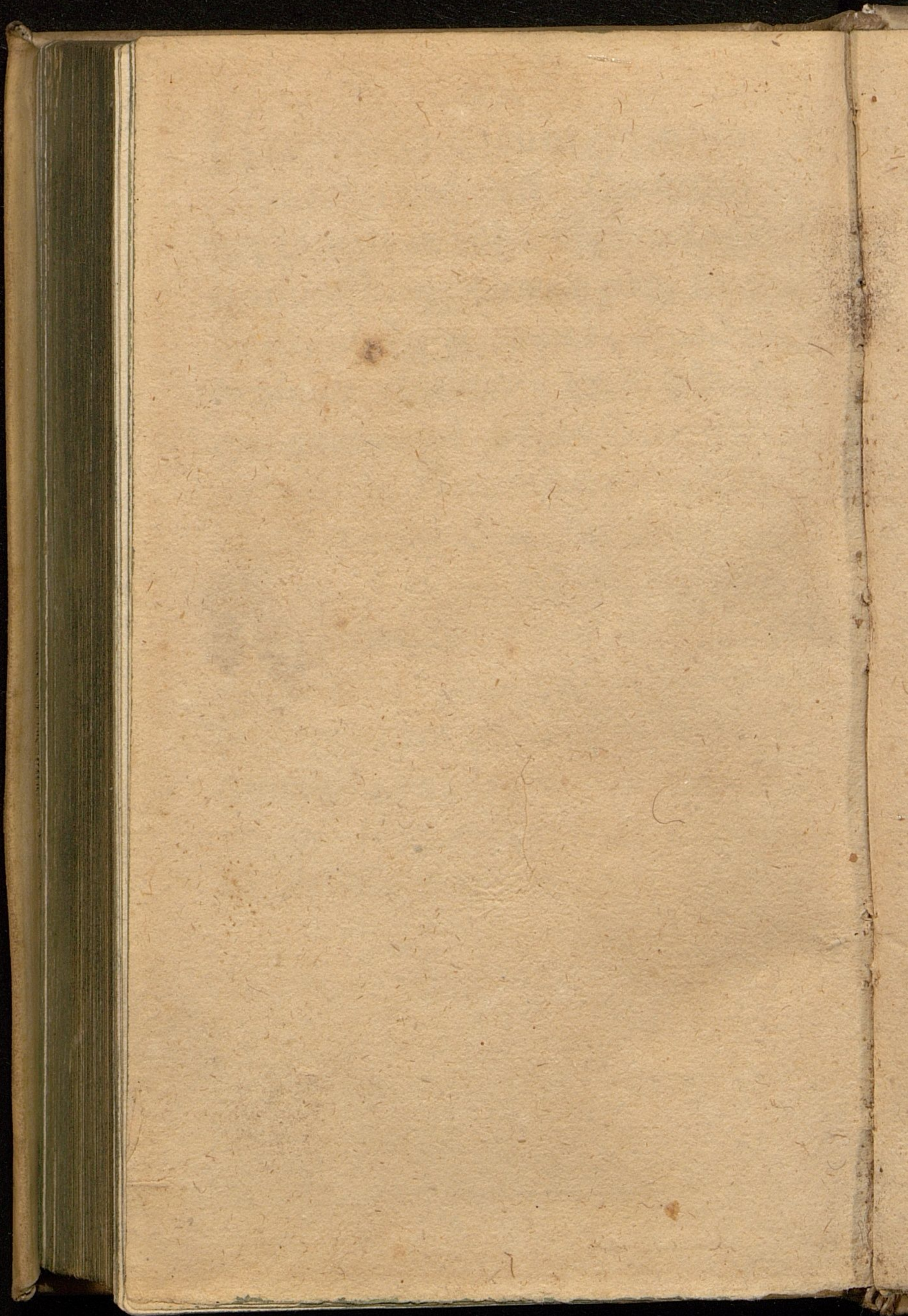
Ad 7.

Hæc restrictio (cum σ) tantum ad  
οα referenda est. Cæterum su-  
prà laudatus Urbanus l. 2. Institu-  
tionum Ling. Græcæ pag. m. 204.  
*In hac dictione, inquit, δημοσθενέοιν*  
*primum abjicitur ἡ κατὰ ἐκθλιψιν,*  
*quæ quidem est subjunctiva vocalis*  
*diphthongi. Deinde verò ex ε εὖ ο fit*  
*crasis iterum in οι: ut δημοσθενοῖν.*  
Sed quid opus est ambagibus?  
Contractio hic fit ex εοι, & brevi  
quidem (ε) præcedente, & longâ  
(οι) sequente: in longam itaque se-  
quentem fit contractio, vi regulæ  
tertiæ. Id quod pace tanti Gram-  
matici dictum volo.

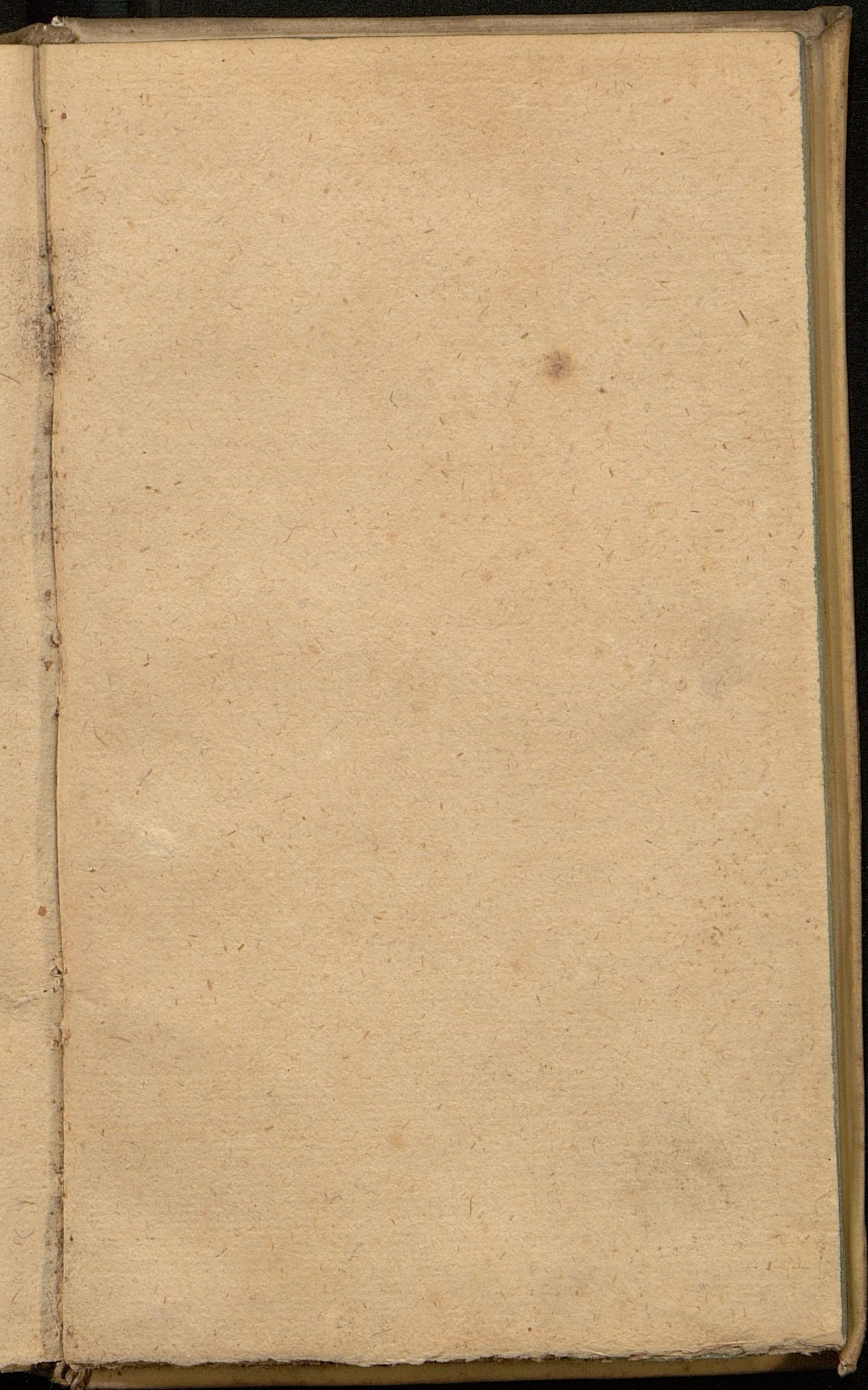
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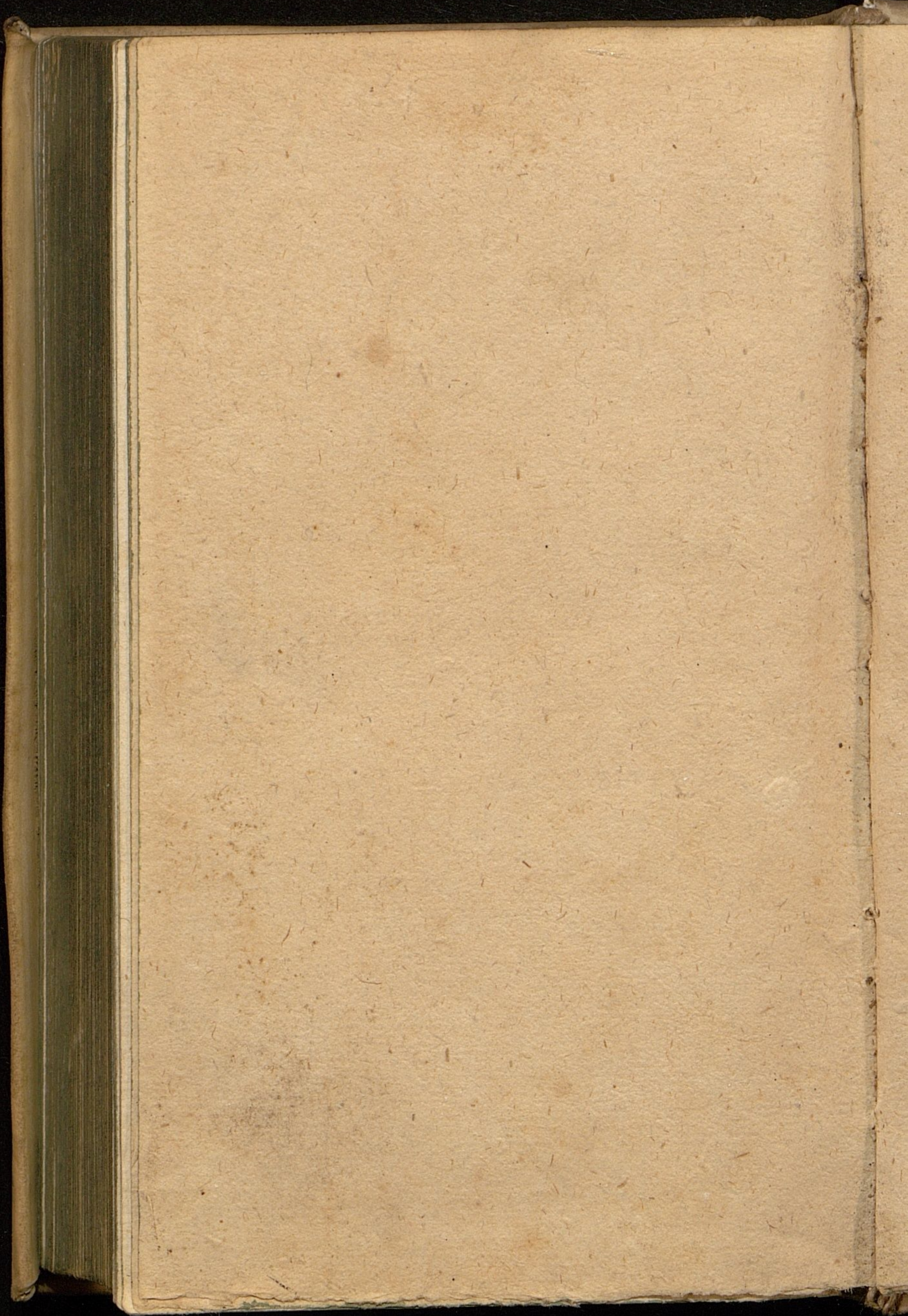
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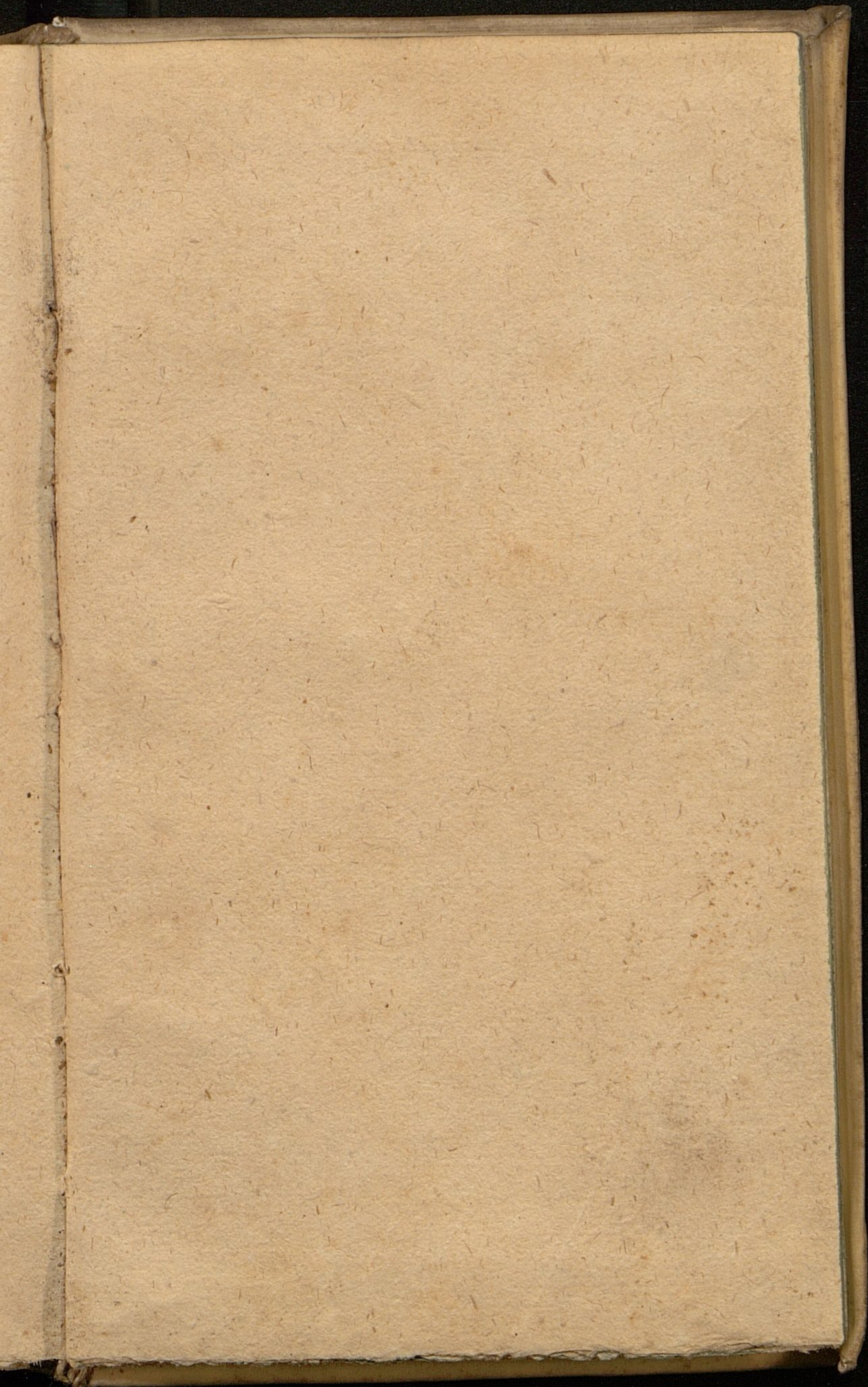


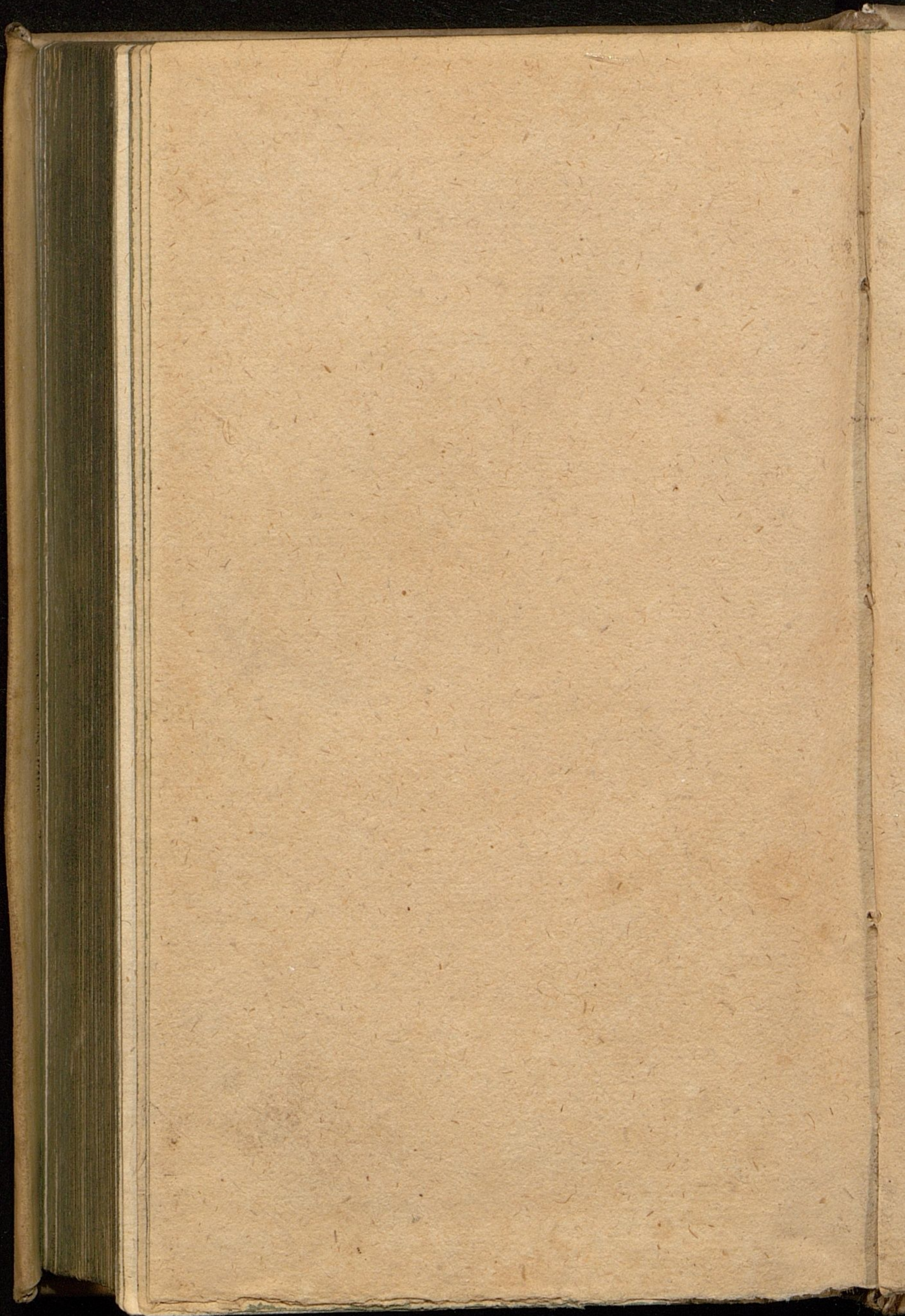


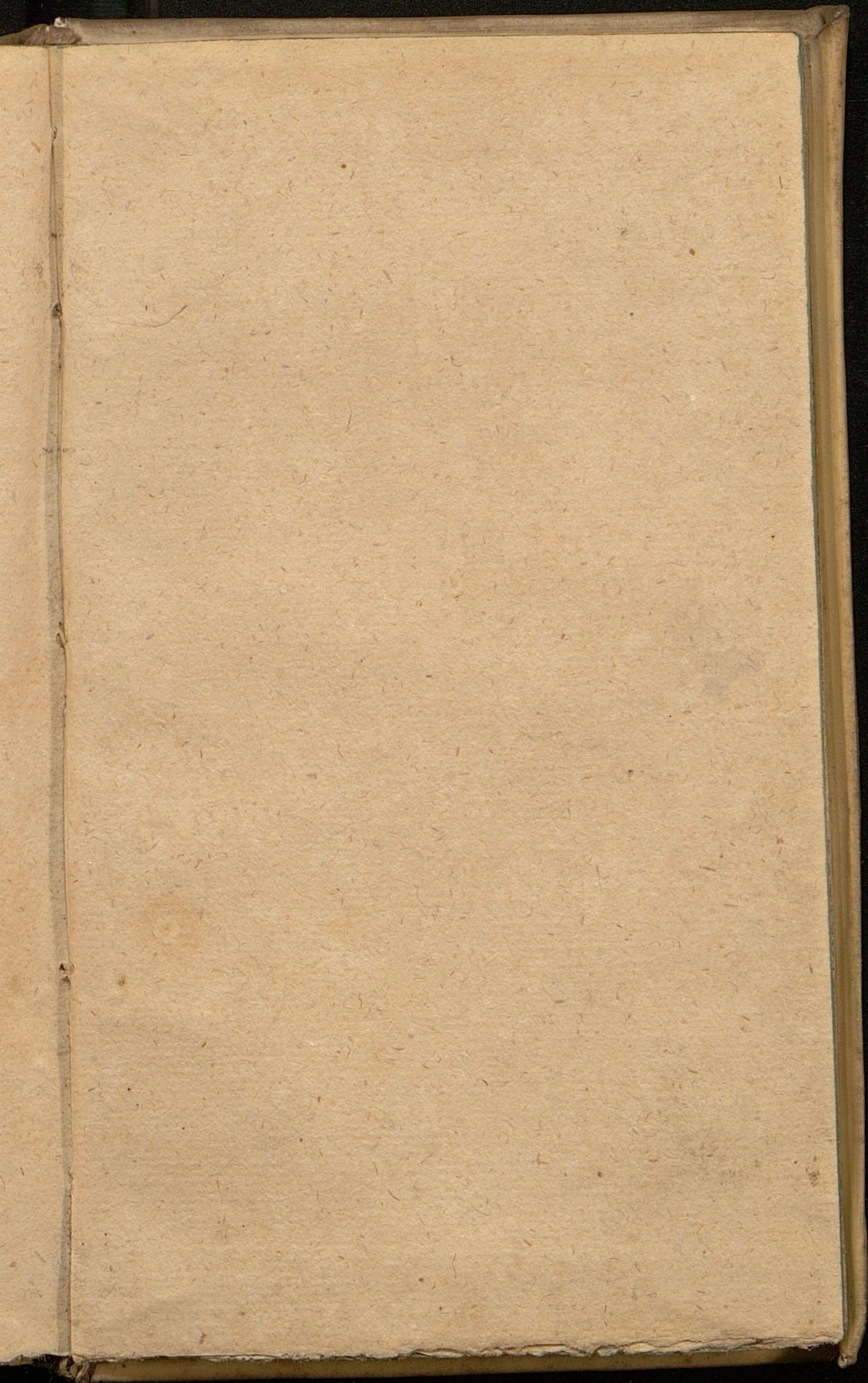






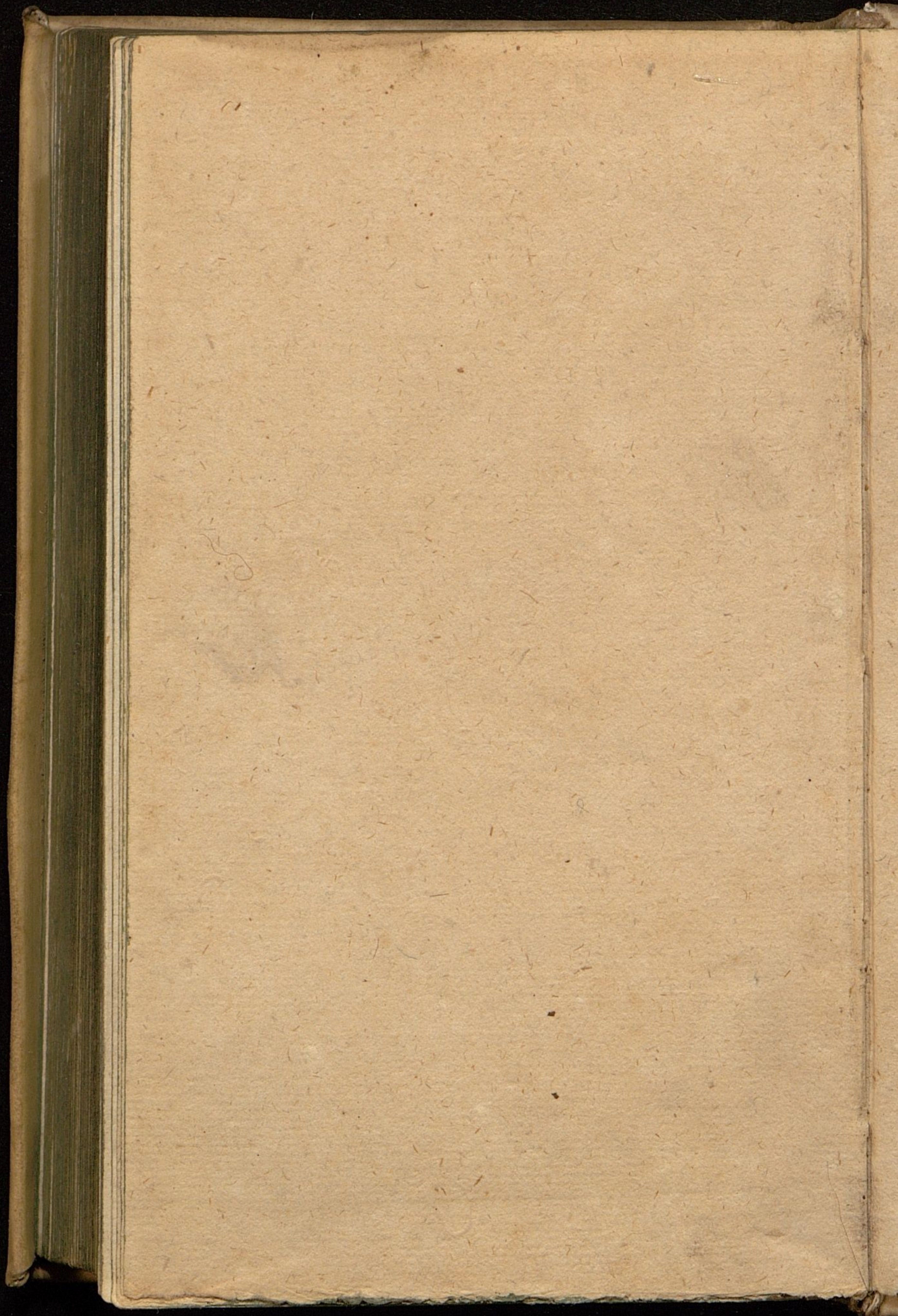




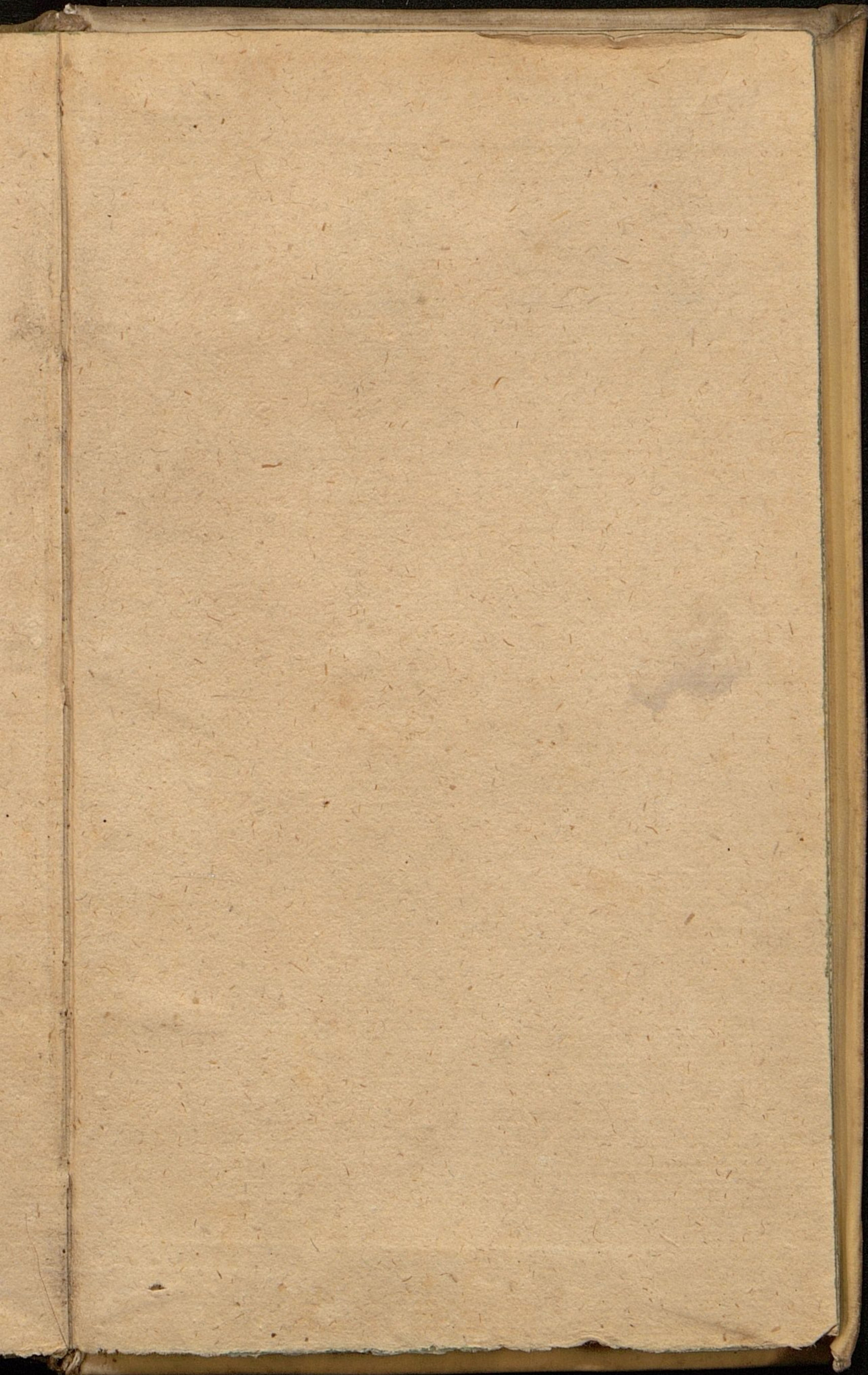


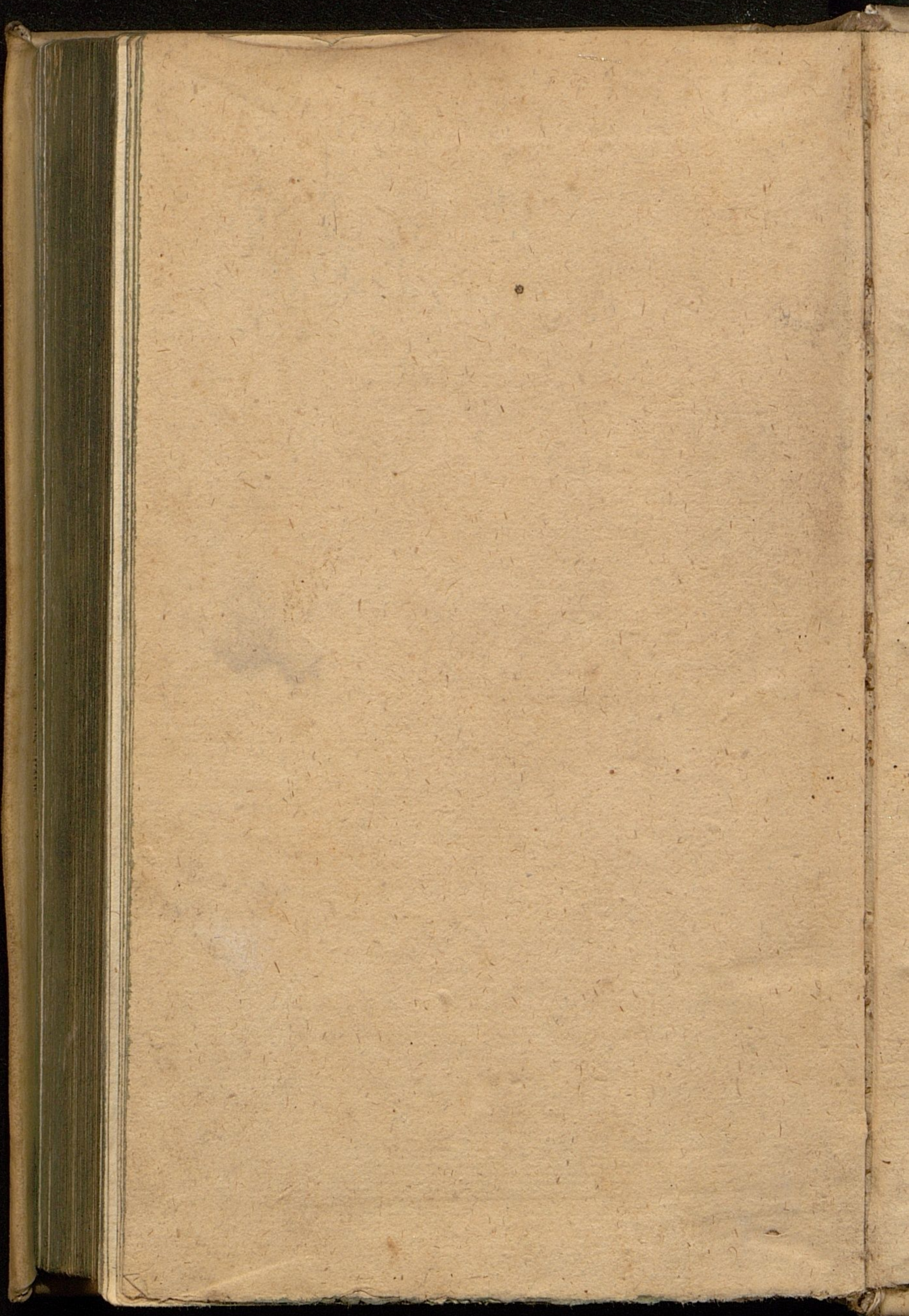












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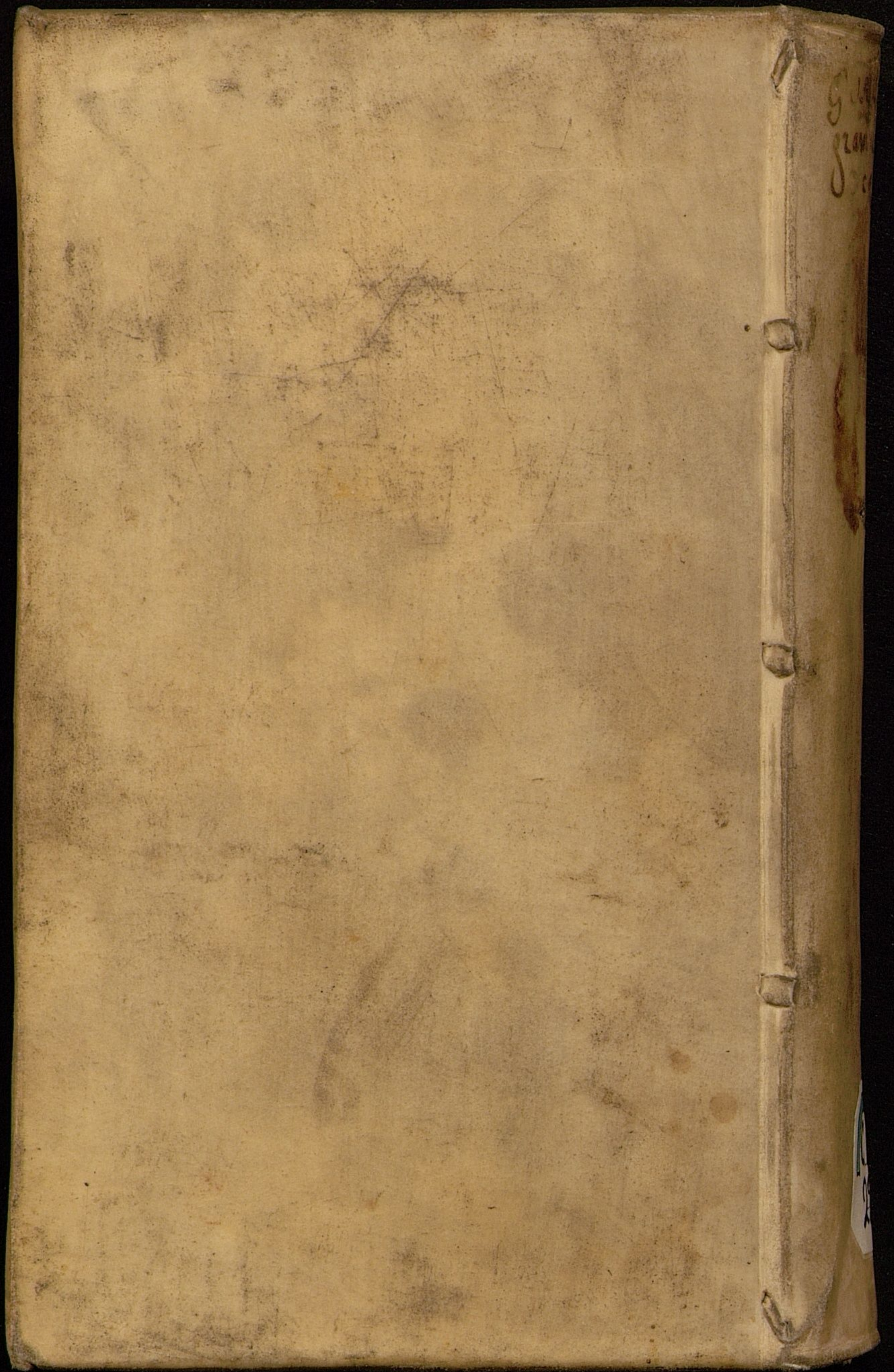
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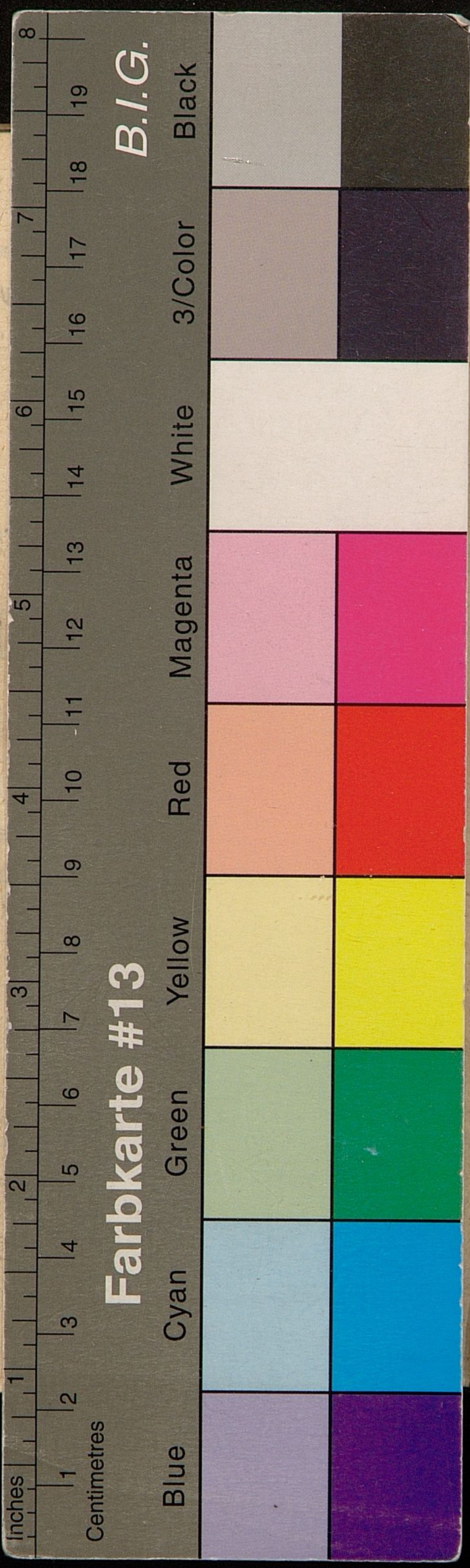




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*cum notis*  
cujusdam Philomusi.



BRUNSVIGÆ,

Typis CHRISTOPH-FRIDERICI ZILLIGERIANIS.

*Anno Symbolico:*  
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